PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.

Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.

COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.

"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,729—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1906. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
GRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with.	Tons
Saturday 3 P.M. 1906				
3rd Mar.	ARABIA	7903		
10th "	ORIENTAL	5281	MOLDAVIA	10000
17th "	MACEDONIA	10512		
24th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	10000
31st "	PERSIA	7951		
7th Apl.	ORIENTAL	5284	MOOLTAN	10000
14th "	EGYPT	7919		
21st "	PENINSULAR	5294	MARMORA	10505
28th "	CALEDONIA	7598		
5th May	ORIENTAL	5281	VICTORIA	6592
12th "	ARABIA	7903		
19th "	PENINSULAR	5291	HIMALAYA	6893
26th "	MACEDONIA	10512		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing.

All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 30th October, 1905.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms, Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
SANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents,—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY,
AUSTRALIEN	6,633	Verron	22nd Mar 1906
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Etienne	19th Apr. "
YARRA	4,955	Sellier	17th May "
NERA	5,576	Schmitz	14th Jun, "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on or about
YARRA	4,243	Sellier	3rd March 1906.
NERA	5,379	Schmitz	31st March 1906.

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 735, 2nd class Rs. 535, 3rd class Rs. 295
For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
2, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE,
(transhipping at PORT SAID),

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATINO	4,583	M. Saporiti	15th Mar. 1906.
D. BALDINO	4,580	O. Canopa	15th Apr. "
R. RUBATTINO	4,589	M. Saporiti	18th May "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	890	Rs. 550	Rs. 135
Return tickets available 2 years	990	" 625	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 810; 2nd Class, Rs. 625. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Beisito	17th Mar, 1906.
ISCHIA	5,000	A. Cogliolo	17th Apr, "
CAPRI	6,000	G. Beisito	17th May "

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 155, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 59.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS who have hitherto been SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library can obtain it by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Head Office

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly, from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer	Tons	Sailing	Date Time. Route.—via.
LINGA	2170	Mon.	5 Mar. 11 a.m. P'Bunder & Cutch
LAMA	2170	Tues.	6 Mar. 5 p.m. Kathiawar Ports
DWARKA	1700	Thur.	1 Mar. 10 a.m. Cutch Mandvie
LHASA	2170	Frid.	2 Mar. 8 a.m. (direct.)

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,013 tons, on MONDAY, 5th March calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 1st Mar. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomera also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA.

S. S. "URLANA," 5,251 tons, on or about 1st March calling at Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa and Zanzibar.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,035 tons, on or about 2nd March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand, apply to:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,—Bombay.
27th February, 1906.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.
Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet at Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.
Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co,

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,191	1st Mar. 1906.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Apr. "
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,191	1st May. "
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st June "

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class	2nd Class	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
*†CHINA	A. Lova	6,030	1st March 1906
FRANZ FERDINAND	G. Matcovich	6046	20th March "
*† AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7600	9th April "
MARQ. ACQUEHEM	A. Bilaffer	4786	20th " "
*† PERSIA	F. Cragiotto	5894	7th May "

*Will call at Karachi, † Will call at Fiume

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., are issued at reduced Fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	To sail on or about
FILIPPO-ARTELLI	A. Raboisio	5,331	6th March 1906

For further particulars regarding Passages Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General.
Sassoon House, 51 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TO SMOKERS.

SOMETHING NEW
ARDATH TOBACCO'S CO.'S
Astorias, State Express in every kind and Number,
CRAVEN MIXTURE
AND
Various kinds of
EGYPTIAN AND VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ALSO
Mild Indian and German HAVANA CIGARS
ALWAYS IN STOCK
We allow large Discount to Messes, Clubs, Hotels, &c.
Upcountry Orders by V. P. P.
PRICE LIST on APPLICATION.
Please register your order soon
AT
E. E. GOREY & CO.
NAVAL TAILORS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY

PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

DAY, DRESS, TENNIS, 6 FOR RS. 24, 30, 36.

NÉGLIGÉ, SOFT FRONTS, STIFF CUFFS,
SMART & COMFORTABLE, 3 FOR RS. 13-8,
OR SIX FOR RS. 26.

BY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTERS.

HOAR & CO., {THE RECORD SHIRT MAKERS.} BOMBAY.

THE HOTEL CONTINENTAL,

Nos. 9, 10, 11 & 12, CHOWRINGHEE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THIS FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situated in the healthiest and most fashionable European quarter of the City, commanding a splendid view of the Maidan, fitted with every convenience and comfort, maintains, as it has always done, a high class reputation for its cuisine.

The TABLE D'HOTE is reserved for Hotel residents and their guests only.

The RESTAURANT A LA CARTE and PRIVATE TIFFIN and DINING ROOMS receive special attention.

A large LADIES' PAVILION has been constructed with the object of affording additional comfort to Ladies and their friends, where they can enjoy their afternoon Tea or Ices and Light Refreshments in quietude. Visitors are kindly requested not to smoke in the drawing room on any account.

NO PUBLIC BAR KEPT.

F. A. BOSCOLO, Proprietor.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

FOR CHOCOLATES.

DESSERT CHOCOLATES
CHOCOLATE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
CHOCOLATE MEDALS
CHOCOLATE IN TABLETS
PETER'S CHOCOLATE
FRY'S CHOCOLATE
CAYLEY'S CHOCOLATE
CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE
FRESH MADE CHOCOLATE NOUGAT
CHOCOLATE PRALINES
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS
CHOCOLATE ASSORTED CREAMS
CHOCOLATE TOFFEE
CHOCOLATE ALMOND PASTE, etc., etc.

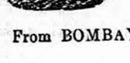
MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27-29 Church Gate Street—Bombay.

Telephone 325. Telegrams :—"Imogen" Bombay.

DEC. 1st.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.



ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI and SUEZ CANAL TO

LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA);

LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

From Bombay to	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess.		B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess.		2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation.	
	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	400	640	320	...	300	...
Port Said	425	680	320	...	300	...
Marseilles or Genoa	525	850	450	750	390	590
Liverpool	550	930	470	770	420	640
London via Marseilles (overland.)	600	1950	525	*820	450	*675
Karachi	40	..	40	...	40	...

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

Class.	Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool.	Due at Port Said about.	Due Bombay about.	Leave Bombay.
A	† Sutton Hall	4500	29th Ja	12thFeb	24thFeb	3rd Mar direct
A	† City of Bombay	4500	9th Feb	23rd "	7th Mar	27th "
A	† City of Manchester	9100	20th "	1st Mar	14th "	20th "
B	† Nowby Hall	7300	26th "	12th "	24th "	30th "

*Bombay direct. † Bombay via Karachi. ‡ Express service

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to—

Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY.
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.),
Agents, LINES ELLERMAN OF STEAMERS
Bombay.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order, and even now is works as it were quite new, Mrs. L. ALMEIDA. Girgaum Bombay."

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

THE TWO FAVORITES.

KING'S LIQUEUR WHISKY,

TENNENTS PILSENER BEER.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY,

SOLE AGENTS.

R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the Immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8 per cwt. delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine wines and liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

GUILTY!

GUILT

Can be established as easily by omissions as by acts!

If a King neglects the welfare of his subjects, he is

GUILTY!

If a Trustee neglects the interests of his wards, he is

GUILTY!

If you have not protected the lives and property entrusted to you YOU ARE

GUILTY!

of neglect.

MINIMAX
HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER
AS SUPPLIED TO
THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN.

Absolutely self contained
No Taps to corrode.
No Hose to Rot.
No Mechanism.
No Reversing.
Safe, Quick and Certain in its action.
Unaffected by Climate or Weather.
MINIMUM Price, Weight and Size,
MAXIMUM Efficiency. Simplicity, and Economy.

FOR PARTICULARS apply to

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

WINES, GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOW'S STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN, GORGONZOLA, AND CHEDDAR CHEESE.

MACCARONI VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES.

PURE WINE VINEGAR AND PURE OLIVE OIL

ALL KINDS of FRENCH, ITALIAN AND GERMAN STORES.

MARSALA ITALIA (SHERRY) highest awards wherever exhibited.

ELISIR CHINA (Calisaia Liqueur), A tonic restorative for general debility.

WALNUTS ALMONDS AND HAZELNUTS,

GRIGNOLINO CLARET (WINE) a thoroughly genuine article. Only Rs. 10 per doz. Bottles.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA
IS THE ONLY ONE
In the whole of India who has received
TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiatic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly affective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion.

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People) may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co., etc., etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar, Bombay. Discount to the Trade.

BOMBAY GAZETTE EXCHANGE STERLING TABLE.

PRICE Rs. 2.

THE *Bombay Gazette* STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE is a small neatly bound BOOK covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1s. 4 23-32d. The Book will, it is found, supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and six months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

The cheapest, best, and most convenient.—*Vide* Press notices.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS

THE BOMBAY FLOWER SHOW, MALABAR HILL.

BY the kind permission of Colonel HOGGE and the OFFICERS of H. M. 113th Regiment the Band of that Battalion WILL PLAY at the FLOWER SHOW TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant.

Tickets of admission Annas 8.
To be obtained at the gate.
Soldiers in Uniform Half Price.

A. M. TODD.
T. W. CUFFE.
Honorary Secretaries.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, will be held in the Rooms of the Chamber, Graham's Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, 7th March 1906, at 3-30 p. m., (Standard Time), to transact the following business :—

1. To receive the Report of the outgoing Committee for the year 1905.
2. To confirm the nomination of the Members of the New Committee made in accordance with Section 12 of Rule VII.
3. To confirm the following alteration in Rule V, namely that the subscription for copies of all publications issued by the Chamber be reduced from 1st July, 1906, from Rs. 240 to Rs. 200 per annum, and proportionately per mensem and per copy.
4. To appoint Auditors of the Chamber's Accounts for the year, 1906.

And to transact any other business that may be brought forward.

By Order of the Committe,
J. B. LESLIE-ROGERS,
Secretary,
Chamber of Commerce,
Bombay 27th February, 1906.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having CLAIMS against the Estate of the late Major L. P. CHAPMAN R. E., are required to submit the same to the Undersigned within one month from the date hereof after which time no claims will be considered.

N. KIRBY MAJOR R. E.,
President,
Committee of Adjustment,
A. C. R. E's Office, Bombay.

THE PHŒNIX MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held on WEDNESDAY the 7th March, 1906, at 2-30 P.M Standard Time, at the Company's Registered Office No 49-51, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business :—

1ST—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts made up to 31st December, 1905.
2ND—To declare a Dividend.
3RD—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4TH—To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to their remuneration.

And to transact such other business as the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
TULLOCKCHUND & SHAPOORJI,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 15th February, 1906.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th March to 21st March, 1906, both days inclusive.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

ALTERATION OF BANKING HOURS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after MONDAY the 2nd April, 1906, the Bank will be OPEN for the transaction of BUSINESS on the usual business days at the following hours :—
WEEKDAYS (except Saturdays) from 11 A. M. until 4-30 P. M., Standard Time.
SATURDAYS from 11 a. m., until 2 p. m., Standard Time.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
22nd December, 1905.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 43 of 1904.

OMANJI SHAPURJI CHOTHIA ..... Plaintiff,
vs,
NARBADABAI wife of GOVINDJI LALJI, Rambai widow of Hirjee Jiva, the said GOVINDJI LALJI and the Advocate-General of Bombay ..... Defendants

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 13th day of October, 1904, and the Order dated 28th September, 1905, the following valuable property will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court through Messrs. Bennett and Company, Auctioneers, on the premises on WEDNESDAY the 28th day of February, 1906, at the hour of three o'clock, Bombay Time, in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS,

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and of the Defendants above named in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon, situate lying and being at 2nd Pasta Lane, Lower Parel, in the registration sub-district of Bombay registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cell otor's Old No. 1 New No. E 25-19636, Old survey No. B-257 and New Survey No. 2 M-9564 standing in the name of Sir Dinsha Manekji Petit, Bart. and Mr. Nusserwanji Manekji Petit and assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 495 and Street No. 22 standing in the name of Jiva Dungarsi and containing by admeasurement three hundred and seven square yards and six-tenths of another square yard be the same little more or less and bounded as follows :—that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Hemraj Jeshraj and Kanji Hemraj, on or towards the West by the property of Mahomedbhai Rowji, on or towards the South by the Road to Beach and on or towards the North by the said 2nd Pasta Lane.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr. Manekshaw B. Chothia, Attorney for the Plaintiff above named at No. 57 Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay—Dated this 9th day of January, 1906.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

FOOTWEAR of the Highest Quality and finish finest Europe Material, easy fit. PRICES MODERATE, unsurpassed for lightness and comfort. Messrs. JOSEPH IVAN & Co., Professional Shoemakers, 13, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

CINEMATOGRAPH EXHIBITION.

CRUICKSHANK ROAD.

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PICTURES.
THREE REPRESENTATIONS EACH EVENING.

PROGRAMME NO. 1 FROM 7 TO 8 P. M.
PROGRAMME NO. 1 FROM 9-30 TO 10-30

"Where is my Horse"	Picture	115 feet.
"The Acrobatic Elephant"		150 feet.
"The Custom House Search"		115 feet.
"The Christmas Goose"		165 feet.
"The Phenomenal Hen"		210 feet.
"A Cheeky Traveller"		165 feet.
"The Pasnas Nightmare"		250 feet.
"Three Phases of the Moon"		150 feet.
"Fire Cascades"		130 feet.
"The Young Tramps"		700 feet.

PROGRAMME No. 2 FROM 8 to 9 P.M.

"An Impatient Customer"	100 feet.
"Brazilian Dance"	130 feet.
"School boys practical Joke"	120 feet.
"The Wiz"	120 feet.
"A bad Joke"	80 feet.
"The Hairdressers Victim"	70 feet.
"Room please"	70 feet.
"The Troublesome Fishbone"	100 feet.
"The Motor Car and the Cripple".	130 feet.
"My Neighbours Lamp"	130 feet.
"Kids Practical Jokes"	190 feet.
"Vendetta"	700 feet.

ADMISSION to each Representation 1st Class, One Rupee,—2nd class 8 annas, 3rd Class 4 Annas.

BURMAH PETROL.

"PETREL BRAND" gives most regular and economical work. Special Rates to MOTOR CAR OWNERS. Apply for prices and counterfoil order book to SHAW, WALLACE & Co., Agents, The Burmah Oil Co., Ltd., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PROFITS & INCOME INSURANCE CO., LTD., OF LONDON.

MILL AGENTS and others desirous of information regarding the INSURANCE of PROFITS, FIXED CHARGES, &c., will receive full particulars on application to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Managing Agents,
Bombay and Madras Presidencies.

THE BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED.

Notice is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND at the Rate of 2 1/2 per cent, (free of Income Tax), for the year ended 31st December, 1905, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 5th. Proximo, between 11 A.M. and 3 P.M. (S. T.), to those Shareholders whose names stood on the Register on the 22nd Instant, on production of their Share Certificates.

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay 27th February, 1906.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Club will be held in the Club House on WEDNESDAY the 28th February, 1906, at 6-30 p.m. Standard Time.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS,
Honorary Secretary.
25th January, 1906.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 1 P.M., (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of March, 1906, for the work of constructing a MASONRY WALL, filling in the ground, &c., for the PORTUGUESE CEMETERY, at Haines Road.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may, on payment of Rs. 5, be obtained from the Undersigned who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JOSEPH HALL, M. INST. C.E., M.I. MECH. E, &c.
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 27th February, 1906.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of JANI SOONDERJI DAMODAR, of Cutch Bhuj, Brahmin Hindoo, a widower, a cook by profession, late of Cutch Bhuj deceased.

FOOLBAI, widow of DAYARAM VISHRAM, of Bombay, Brahmin Hindoo Inhabitant, one of the Executors according to the tenor of the said Will of the deceased, residing at New Moodikhana within the Fort. ..... Petitioners

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR LAWRENCE H. JENKINS, K.C.I.E. Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-Sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine hundred and six and in the Sixth year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
A. M. KAJIJI.
The 28th day of February, 1906.
Messrs. MADHAVJI & KAMDAR,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

"ZAM-ZAM."

A-M-Z-A-M

TRUE TALISMAN!

For Colic ; Cramp ; Cancer.
For Cholera ; Diarrhœa.
For Dropsy ; Epilepsy.
For Dyspepsia ; Griping.
Is a Stimulant during illness and convalescence.

Best Embrocation for Sprains ; Muscular Pains ; Strains ; Boneaching.

Is a Great Air-Purifyer.

☞ PLEASE SEE THE TRADE MARK OF A WADING BIRD.

Per Bot. Ans. 8 ; & Ans. 14.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON ST. ;
NEAR ZOOMA MUSJID BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., at 2 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Dhan Building (Ground Floor) opposite Sargent House Apollo Bunder the valuable and handsome Oakwood and blackwood household furniture, sliding dining table chairs large mirror sideboard dinner waggon meat safe marble-topped tables and teapoys mirror back side and corner cabinets teapoys drawing room, set of sofas and chairs, lined silk tapestry, English double and single bedsteads, single and double mirror almyrahs, marble-topped dressing and washhand tables, Hinde's table and hall lamps carpets, roll top office table American writing desk, nearly new ebonized, iron bound cottage piano by Ross & Co. rich glassware and porcelain ware, best plateware by Read and Barton and others, majolica pedestal with flower pots lady's bicycle comfortable vis-a-vis with horse and harness etc. the property of C. E. Pinckney Esq.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 65 BAGS SUGAR SWEEPINGS.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 1st Proximo, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at No. 7 Shed, Victoria Dock, by order of the concerned—

Ex different Steamers,

65 bags sugar sweeping.

On SUNDAY, the 4th Proximo, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the Bungalow of Mr. Dayabhoy Tapidas, at Tardeo and opposite the Bungalow of Mr. Bramjee Jeejeebhoy, by order of the concerned, valuable English mahogany, blackwood and teakwood latest design and old carved furniture, sets of cushioned sofas chairs and easy chairs lined velvet, tapestry, damask and leather, cabinet, chiffoniers, dining table, dinner waggon, chairs, almirahs, cupboards, dressing and wash hand tables, bedsteads, iron cradles, writing tables, bazaatte table with balls and cues, large musical box by Marcks, large full band organ with 14 rollers, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 28th February, 1906.

EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS,
THE CURE FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

THE never-failing effects of EADE'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS in curing these distressingly painful diseases, have secured to them a celebrity unequalled by any medicine of past or present times. They not only give relief in a few hours where the patient has been driven almost to madness by the horrible excruciating tortures of this disease, but restore to perfect health in an inconceivably short space of time—in most cases giving relief from the intolerable pain in one or two hours ; one bottle will frequently carry off the attack in two or three days, even when the patient has kept his bed for as many weeks, and sometimes months.

The authenticated proofs of decided approbation, sent unsolicited to the Proprietor, from all parts of the kingdom and from all classes of society, with a rapidly increasing sale, and a demand for them at home and abroad unparalleled fully warrants the assurance that no person subject to these disorders will, after a trial, be without them.

PREPARED ONLY BY
GEORGE EADE, 232, GOSWELL ROAD, LONDON, E. C.
and sold every where in bottles, 1s. 1 1/2d. and 2s. 9d.
Wholesale Agents for India :—Messrs. KEMP & Co. Ltd.
BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three Lines, per insertion. One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARCUS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP.—A large consignment of BEDS, with Patent American Spring Mattresses. Apply to M. BRESLAUER and Co., Church Gate Street.

WHICH is the leading and up to date PIANO MANUFACTORY in India ? also who Repair and Tune Pianos only at reasonable Rates ?—H. KAPS and Co. 37, Medows St. Fort, Bombay.

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and Visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Parlours. Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest. Portrait Paintings in oil on Photographic Basis a speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings. Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED a Grey African PARROT, able to talk. Reply stating price to Box No. 426F, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a SMART REPORTER with knowledge of Shorthand.—Good address and appearance. Apply Lex Care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED FOREIGNERS who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught. Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box No. 1234, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY MUIR & Co. Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re. 1-4-0 ; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0 ; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

COMFORTABLE HOME, in a healthy part of Belgium offered to young children of parents abroad, Special care, home comforts. Terms Moderate, Address, Mlle. NEEL, Maneyck, Belgium.

GOVERNMENT SERVANTS-SUPPLIERS. Messrs OLIVER and Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels, Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay Rs. 2, and Mofusil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay Established 1872.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS.—A LADY holding a LICENTIATE DIPLOMA from the Royal Academy of MUSIC, London, is desirous of taking a few more PUPILS. Apply care of SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., Esplanade Road.

WONDER ! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs.90. which is in use in my house for past 22 years has given me every satisfaction and I reason need it to any one inquiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—J. D. Nadkarni Hyderabad Deccan.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross London.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

COTTON BUSINESS.—Cotton, and Seed, and Factory Business, Upcountry, WANT POST as Manager, or Assistant in these, for Buying Cotton, Wheat, Seeds &c, Working Factories, Pressing and Ginning, Jute, Flour, Oil, and other Mills, Have served for 20 Twenty years, as Agent European Firms, Visited Steam Factories, and Travelled throughout India. Proficient in Opening New Stations. Also Erected and Dismantled Factories. Highest Testimonials. Address, "GOMRA," care of "Bombay Gazette."

BACK NUMBERS of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas ; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas, 30 days to one year, 1 rupee and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all.—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment), Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhœa, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines. Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares ; Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Tardeo, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 2 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" also containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Inland Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage English Subscription 15s. per year including Postage.

WILL FORM 7 DIFFERENT KINDS, price 8 Annas, Can be had at the Bombay Gazette office.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review &c. &c. Apply C. O., care of "Bombay Gazette."

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates, special terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press,

Sing a Song of Sixpence
A Pocketful we mean
Earned in Stitching Garments
On SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE.

The maid who in the garden
Was hanging out the Clothes
Exclaimed : What lovely hems and frills
These garments do disclose.

The Queen and the millions
From high born to the low
Praise SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES
So splendidly they sew.

But buyers must be cautious
As counterfeits are made
And offered as the genuine
By tricksters in the Trade.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION

BENNETT AND COMPANY. No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant at 2 p. m. Standard Time, Messrs BENNETT & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon near the Railway Station, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood also mahogany household furniture rich glass crockery and plateware large dining table and chairs, side-boards, drawing-room, sofas and chairs, cabinet table ornaments carpets table lamps, single and double bedsteads, marble-top, dressing and wash hand tables, almyrahs, chest of drawers, writing tables, hanging lamps, copper utensils etc etc, the property of G. H. O'hara Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY at the corner of Military Square and Rutherfield Street, Fort,

Under instructions from the executor of the late Mr. Jacob Isac David, Messrs. BENNETT & Co will, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 1st March, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following very valuable landed property :

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent tenure ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the corner of Military Square and Rutherfield Street, within the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 232 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 7, Old Survey No. 1437 and New Survey No. 9183, and bounded as follows :—That is to say : On or towards the east by the property of the late Mr. Silas D. Sassoon, on the west by the public street called Rutherfield Street, on the north by the public road called Military Square Road, and on the South of the property of Isaack Saleh Sassoon and Solomon Saleh Sassoon and the said premises are now occupied by the tenants of the vendor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned,

AUCTION SALE OF CAST HORSES, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo at 2-30 p.m. S. T. Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 12 cast horses, from the 28th Lancers amongst them are smart looking hacks, hunters, chargers, trappers and pickstickers and some of the are young and go well in harness.

The horses will be on view from Friday.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

AT 2 P.M. STANDARD TIME.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 handsome strong victoria, in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 grey Arab quiet in harness.
1 Bay Arab quiet in harness. and saddle.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 2 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parel Chamar Bagh, opposite the G. I. P. Railway Workshops, the valuable and handsome teak and black wood and carved household furniture by Wimbridge, Ahmed Dawji and others, rich glass and crockery ware, plated ware, dining table and chairs, side board and chiffoniers, drawing room furniture, large cabinet and beautifully carved screens, table ornaments, one handsome sweet-toned square piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne Stuttgart, single and double bedsteads, gentleman's glass-fronted almyrah, chest of drawers, office furniture, pictures, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, and other matting, one strong roomy victoria with rubber tyres, one four-seated dogcart recently fitted with new wheels, saddle and stable accessories, double and single barrel guns, rifle, revolvers, photographic camera and apparatus microscope, kinora with 6 films, phonograph, graphophone, drawing instruments by Stanley London, one signal optical lantern by Riley Bros., fitted with Lawson's saturator and jet combined for Katho-Oxygen lime light, screen sheet 20 ft, by 20 ft, and about 900 slides, One Cinematograph complete by J. W. Rowe with Lantern Lens Attachment London, E. P. Geyer jet for Katho-Oxygen lime light, several choice films and portable screen one Stedman and Brown's patent oxygen gas generator complete with saturator one X Ray Apparatus complete with 12in. Spark Induction Coil by Cox of Chancery Lane, London. Focus Tubes, Fluorescent screen Accumulator, etc., one Electric Punkha with battery, electric lamps, English cooking stove, aluminium cooking utensils, etc., etc., the property of John T. Fry, Esq., Assistant Storekeeper, G. I. P. Ry., proceeding to England.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

HIGH COURT—O. O. C. J,
Suit No. 654 of 1900.

Haji Esmail Haji Essac ..... Plaintiff,
vs,
Khatizabai, wife of Goolam Hossein Soorti, and others ..... Defendants,

Under instructions from Mr. Haji Goolam Mahomed Azam, the receiver appointed in the above suit, and in pursuance of the order made in the said suit on the 23rd day of November, 1905, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the times and places hereinafter mentioned the following properties :—

On MONDAY, the 5th March 1906, at 4 p.m., at the Auction Rooms of the Undersigned, within the Fort.

43 shares in the Societe Bara Bazar Company, Limited, bearing Nos. 1151 to 1192 and 15 shares in the Iron Bazaar Company, Limited, bearing Nos. 3355 to 3370.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th March 1906, at 4 p.m., at the premises.

All that messuage or dwelling house with the out-buildings and yard belonging thereto, situate in Janjikar Street, in the Town and Island of Bombay, bearing B Ward House No. 101, and bounded on the north by the said Janjikar Street, on the south by sweepers' gully, on the east by House No. 103, being the property secondly hereunder described, and on the west by the house of Noor Mahomed Esmail Abdul Rehman.

Secondly.—All that messuage or dwelling-house with the out-buildings and yard belonging thereto, situate in Janjikar Street in Bombay, bearing B Ward House No. 103, and bounded on the north by the said Janjikar Street, on the south by sweepers' gully, on the east by the house of Mulla Tyabali and on the west by the House No. 101, hereinbefore described.

On FRIDAY, the 9th March. 1906, at 4 p.m., at the premises.

All that messuage or dwelling-house with the out-buildings and yard belonging thereto, situate in Dawood Kazi Moholla, in the Town of Bombay, bearing B Ward House Nos. 123-125, and bounded on the north by House Nos. 127-129 hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the south by the house of Abdul Kadir Lokmanji, on the east by a sweepers' gully, and on the west by the said Dawood Kazi Moholla.

Secondly.—All that messuage or dwelling-house with the out-buildings and yard belonging thereto, situate in Dawood Kazi Moholla, in the Town of Bombay, bearing B Ward House Nos. 127-129, and bounded on the north by the Nakhoda Ismail Bharucha, on the south by House Nos. 123-125 hereinbefore part of the premises sold, on the east by sweeper's gully, and on the west by the said Dawood Kazi Moholla.

On SATURDAY, the 10th March, 1906, at 4-30 p.m., at the premises.

All that pieces of land with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Mahim, within the Town and Island of Bombay, bearing B Ward No. 223, Survey No. 142, containing by admeasurement 3,000 square feet or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by a private gully, on the south by yard in front of Masjid Vaijwadi, on the east by Lady Jamsetji Road and on the west by a private gully.

On MONDAY, the 12th March, 1906, at the said Auction Rooms of the Undersigned at 4-30 p. m.

All that messuage or dwelling house with the out-building and yard belonging thereto bearing No. A Tika 7 Survey, in No. 160, and situate in Dumat Moholla, in Rander, in the Zilla of Surat, and bounded as follows, that is to say :—On the north by the said Dumat Moholla on the south by House No. 161 belonging to Mominbai wife of Goolam Madari and on the east by the said Dumat Moholla.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs Payne & Co., Receiver's Attorneys, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT 1st CARPENTER STREET.

On TUESDAY, the 20th proximo, at 4-30 p. m., Messrs BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Messrs Moolchand Jadhowjee and Co., and on account and risk of the mortgagees Ambaram Nathoo Morbai widow of Jiwa Vala for self and as mother and guardian for her minor son, Jeejeebhoy Jeewa, Dugaram Valla, for self and as father guardian of his minor sons, Purmanand and Madhavjee and the legal pleas and representatives of the late Nathoo Valla all Ghogari carpenters under the power of sale reserved in the Indenture of mortgage dated 25th March, 1903, the following property—

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay on the North side of the 1st Carpenter lane, assessed by the Municipal Collector of rates and taxes under C Ward No. 6388 and Street No. 35-37, and registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue under old No. 1693, New No. 8816 old survey No. 471 and New Survey No. 2317 containing by admeasurement 1727 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by the property of Bhagwandas Veerchand and the West by the property Shivshanker Narayen on the North by the 1st Carpenter street and on the south by a sweepers passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 28th February, 1906.

MENESSE AND COMPANY, No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF STEEL SHEETS.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (Standard Time), in "E" Shed, Prince's Dock, on account of the consignee—

Ex. S. S. Neidenfels,
O. & O.—234 bundles damaged steel sheets

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 28th February, 1906.

Messrs. D. J. KEYNER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. Machinery orders are attended to by an expert.

TELEGRAMS: "KEYNER, LONDON."
6, WHITEHORSE STREET, LONDON.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£110,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Capital paid up ..... Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ..... Gold $3,332,200.55

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Manila.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	City of Mexico,	San Francisco,
Honzkong.	Shanzai.	Washington, D. C
Kobe.	Yokohama.	Canton
Cebu.	Penang.	Monterey.
	Panama.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, Issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (paid up) ..... Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.
BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.
CORRESPONDENTS :
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL.—Frs. 1,50,000,000, (£60,000,000.)

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay Funis, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 3, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper Gold, Silver, Merchandize, &c.

L. COMBE,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£800,000
RES

FISH SEASON 1906
OYSTERS
IN PRIME CONDITION.

POMFRETS, SALMON, PRAWNS,
PACKED IN ICE AND SENT TO ANY RAILWAY STATION IN INDIA.

This being a seasonable speciality, W. B. GREEN & Co. make every necessary arrangement for the PROMPT DESPATCH of all goods ordered to ensure their arrival in good condition.

For the prevention of unnecessary delay, please address all orders direct to W. B. GREEN & Co., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION SUPPLIERS TO
H. E. THE VICEROY & OVER 300 CLUBS AND MESSES.
APOLLO BUNDER,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each.
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and
Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

STOMACH AND LIVER DISORDERS
ARE RADICALLY CURED BY
ACORIDINE:
THE INFALLIBLE INDIGESTION CURE.

An excellent preparation for all stomachic affections arising from debility or want of tone in the digestive organs.
It affords immediate relief in cases of DYSPEPSIA, and its effects in Torpid Liver and Constipation are marvellously beneficial.
Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY
BEYNON & CO.,
ENGLISH CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Woodbridge, 2331 tons, Captain J Norman will sail to-day for Galle in ballast.

THE steamer Hindoo, 3156 tons, Captain G H Jones, will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

THE H M S Hyacinth, under the Command of Captain E R L Nicholson, sailed on Monday evening for England.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lunella, 3381 tons Captain A E Stebbing sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Craigearn, 1548 tons, Captain B C Edmonds arrived in harbour on the 24th instant from Calcutta via Bhownagar, in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lama, 948 tons Captain M G Williams sailed yesterday for Karachi via Cutch Mandvi with a general cargo and passengers.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Fraser, 2284 tons, Captain J C Hunter, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool 30th January with a general cargo.

THE Bombay and Persian S N Co's steamer Islami, 1004 tons, Captain Thomas Hughes, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf with a general cargo, 30 cases opium and passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From
25	Craigearn s.....	Edmonds ..	Calcutta via B'gar
27	Clan Fraser s.....	Hunter	Liverpool, Jan 30
	Islamis	Hughes	Bushire, Feb 8

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
27	Ismailia s	Stebbing	Karachi
	Waroonga s	Butler	Persian Gulf
	Olympia s	Osborne	Liverpool, &c
	Neidenfels s	Hartzog	Hamburg, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—
Steamer Hindoo, Jones, for Hull
" Woodbridge, Notman, Galle

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday.
Steamer Craigearn, for London, Marseilles, &c
" Frank Coverdale, for Hull, Dunkirk, Marseilles, &c
" Landaura, for Zanzibar, &c
" Islami, for Jeddah, &c
" Uriana, for the Persian Gulf, &c

CALCUTTA.
ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Names.	From
24	M Mecnatchy	A D Cruz	Rangoon
	Surada	M England	Karachi

DEPARTURES.

25	Goa	S McClachlan	Chittageng
	Crosstaels	H Moller	Hamburg
	Craftsman	G Goldman	London
	Maurata	W Ellery	Rangoon
	Beatrice	T R Bandall	B N York
	Lunka	H A Sharpe	Rangoon
26	Maharaja	R White	Port Blair
	Bombay	H A Neary	Persian Gulf
	Aiba	A Rahman	

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The City Line steamer Trafford Hall, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the evening of the 25th instant.

The P and O steamer Candia, arrived at Suez from Colombo on the evening of the 25th instant.

The P and O steamer Somali, arrived in London on the afternoon of the 24th instant.

The P and O steamer Chusa, arrived at Suez from Bombay on the afternoon of the 25th instant.

The Florio and Rubattino Co's steamer Capri, from Hongkong left Penang for Bombay on the 26th of Feb.

The P and O Co's steamer Mazagon, arrived at Singapore, on February 27.

The Austrian Lloyd's s s Morovia from Trieste left Karachi for Bombay this morning and is due here on Thursday evening.

The Austrian Lloyd's Chartered s s Franconia left Trieste for Bombay via Karachi on the 24th instant and may be expected here about the 23rd March

DAILY EXPORTS, FEB. 27.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—8 bales hemp Nusserwanji Bros and Co; 320 bales hemp kiddie Reeves and Co; 31 cwt castornuts 28 cwt corriandersed 5 cases nutmeg K B Sajan 60 cwt deerhorns J M Rehimtoola 72 bales skins W and A Graham and Co; 36 bales skins and hides M J Jeejeebhoy and Co; 335 cwt myrapalams Ebji Oomersey 12 bales hides C Joosub 55 bales skins E Latham and Co; 20 bales sloeskins the agans Fitre Company 481 cwt myrabalams Davis Rassoon and Co; 5 cases nutmeg K B Sajan

FOR HULL.

Turkistan s—100 bales hemp Purshotam Pohimji 37 cwt glycometal gravels cotton and Co

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Macintyre s—572 bales cotton Ralli Bros 350 bales cotton J A Beebi and Co; 4002 cwt gingellyseed Nansee Khairaz and Co;
Eastville s—110 cwt bloodmanure croftmody and Co

FOR ANTWERP.

Camberwell s—170 bales cotton J A Beebi and Co; 220 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 1100 cwt poppyseed Ralli Bros 300 cwt mustorseed Volkart and Bros
City of Calcutta s—110 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR BREMEN.

Argenfels s—165 bales cotton Volkart Bros

FOR MARSEILLES

Craigearn s—125 cwt olibanum N A Sattar

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—220 bales cotton Volkart Brothers 910 bales cotton Ralli Bros
China s—3wt guts Ad Mayer

FOR VENICE.

China s—103 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
Imperatrix s—102 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR FIUM.

Imperatrix s—114 bales cotton Ralli Brothers
China s—340 bales cotton Ralli Bros

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—1600 bales twist E Noordin and Co; 500 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 293 bales twist N J Abraham 100 tons iron R Nixon and Co

FOR HONGKONG

Arcadia s—9 chests opium P and O S N Co

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, February 28,

DRILLS.

No 1 Co—6th B L Gun Drill at Colaba North Fort on Thursday, at 8-45 p m Gharrys leave B V A Club at 8-0 p.m.
No 2 Coy—Squad drill at Nesbit Road, Head-Quarters on Thursday at 8-30 p.m.

BATTERY DRILL.

Battery Drill at Cross Island on Saturday, the 3rd proximo Parade at Prince's Dock entrance at 5-30 p m.

(Sd) A STIFFE, Capt R A
Adjut B V A

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. E. FEBRES NICHOLSON, V. D. COMMANDING.
Bombay, February 28,

105 To-day Wednesday the 28th instant—There will be drill at Head-Quarters at 6 p.m.
The Range at Ghat Kopar is at the disposal of O C "I" Company.
Thursday the 1st March—The Range at Santa Cruz is available for Class Firing.
The Range at Ghat Kopar is placed at the disposal of O C "L" Coy.
Friday the 2nd March—The Range at Ghat Kopar is available for Class Firing.

By Order,
G. D. PRICE, Captain,
Adjutant B. V. R

DIVINE SERVICE.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGI, PAREL.
Ash Wednesday—28-2-06
6-3 a.m.—Holy Communions.
7-0 p.m.—Litany and Commination. Service—Hymn No. 48.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—Malabar Hill.
Ash Wednesday—28-2-06
8-0 a.m.—Mertins and Commination Service
8-30 a.m.—Holy Communon
5-0 p.m.—Children's Service

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
SIMLA, FEB. 27.

The rainfalls reported to-day are: Bangalore one inch and Vizagapatam and Madura half an inch. Light snow has fallen in parts of the North-West Himalayas. A cold wave is passing eastward and the temperature has continued to fall in Lower Bengal, but has risen in the central parts of the country. Thunder showers are likely in parts of South India with dry weather and low but rising temperatures elsewhere.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 27TH FEB.
SUMMARY.

Pressure has increased briskly to rapidly in Sind, the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat and Central India and Bhaosi, as Sangor and Surat and has been steady or has changed slightly elsewhere.
Winds are variable in direction and the force has been fresh to strong at Jamnagar, Dwarka and Bombay, and fresh to light in other places.
Temperature.—Both maximum and minimum is in large defect of normal over the greater part of the country. The highest temperature in the shade was 99° at Trichinopoly and the lowest 41° at Sirsa.
Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast in Mysore and at Bijapur, Masulipatam, Trichinopoly, Madras, Negapatam and Colombo.
Rain.—Bangalore reports more than three-quarters of an inch, Trichinopoly nearly half, and Madras a few drops.
Weather.—Baric gradients are steep and fresh to strong northerly winds are likely to blow on the West Coast.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office return for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Cause.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort (Southern and Esplanade	4	1	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	10	7	29
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	13	10	27
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	3	1	17
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	9	5	49
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	2	2	16
G Mahim and Worli	1	1	11
Water Division	0	0	0
North-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	4	16
Total	41	31	172
Total plague deaths to date	305	501	22,630,735
Same date last year	103	97	248

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, Feb. 26.

SECURITIES—

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	90 3-8	= —1-8
3 do. Rentes	99 1-4	= unchanged
3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan	106 1-2	= do
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	66 7-16	= + 1-8

SILVER—

Spot in London	30 3-4	= + 1-16
2 months hence	30 1-4	= + 1-8
Spot in New York	66 3-4	= + 1-4

EXCHANGES

Paris cheques	25·15	= unchanged
Berlin	20·50 1-2	= + 1-4
New York Demand	4·86 1-4	= unchanged

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	per cent	= do
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 7-8	do	= do
6 " " Fine Trade Bills	3 1-4	do	= do
6 " " Fine Trade Bills	4 1-8	do	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 1-4	do	= do

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	3 7-8	do	= do
3 days market loans	4	do	= do

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £375,000.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5-4 1-2 sellers
WHEAT—Steady
Afloat for U K 3,430,000
RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore 43 1-2 — 1-4 A-M sellers easier
Brown 41 A-M sellers easier
LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 44 1-2 A-M sellers quiet
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 7-16 + 3-16
ARRIVALS—
Steamers—Branksome Hall and Gloanim

In Liverpool.—Actual stock of Cotton 1,140,000 bales. Cotton Market closed improved demand. East Indian quiet. Manchester steady. Total Sales 14,000. Spot 5·71—4. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown, 8 7-8. Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 2,000. Futures closed steady.

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May
5·57 —2	5·57 —1	5·61 —3
May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
5·64 —3	5 67 —3	5·69 —3
Aug.-Sep.	Sep.-Oct.	Oct-Nov.
5·67 —2	5 63 —2	5·60 —3

Receipts at U S Ports	20,000
Do last year	25,000
Exports to Great Britain	21,000
Do do Continent	23,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot	10·20	
Futures, month of March	10·16—7	a
Do. do. July	10 30—4	

a Declined owing to weak cables. (Second cause of decline mutilated).

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot		
Futures, month of March		Mutilated,
Do. do. May		
Tone at close		

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Monday 26th Feb. 1906 :—

Cotton	14,018 bales.
Wheat	6,638 owts.
Linseed	5,764 do
Rape, Rai and Mustard	365 do
Gingelly seed	6,995 do
Poppyseed	225 do
Groundnut	472 do
Castorseed	5,503 do
Rice	1,985 do
Myrabolams	2,062 do
Cottonseed	13,320 do
Mowrasseed	35 do
Gram	3,019 do
Joowar	nil
Maize	nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.
Gold Bullion, Rs. 37,600
Ex Oriental from London.
Gold Bullion, Rs. 3,02,856
Ex Arcadia from Sydney
Gold Bullion, Rs. 3,04,036
Ex Arcadia from Fremantle
Silver Bullion, Rs. 7,31,236,
Ex Arcadia from Shanghai

EXPORTS OF TREASURE.
Gold Coin, Rs. 4,50,000
Per Arragon to Kobe
Gold Bars Rs. 10,12,400
Per Peninsular to London

BOMBAY, FEB. 27.

EXCHANGE.—Tone quiet.

Bank T.T.	... ...	...	1s 4 3-32d. to 1-16d.
Bank Demand	... ...	...	1s 4 7-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D/A.			1s 4 5-16d.
Do. 6 do.	do. ...		1s 4 7-16d.
French Francs 3 do.	do. ...		170 3-4
Marseilles 3 do.	do. ...		139 1-2
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	...		150
Shanghai 30 do.	do. ...		210
Japan 30 do.	do. ...		149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—3 1/2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	...	98 13
1st Settlement, 28th February		98 13
2nd do 30th March		99 2

Money Market, Tone steady.
BANK RATES—

Bank of England since 28th Sept.	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 1st Feb.	9	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 1st Jan.	9	do.
Bank of Madras do. 13th Jan.	8	do.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—Tone easier.			Rs a p.
Ready	...	...	7 14 0
Forward	...	...	8 4 0
RAPESEED.—Tone dull.			
Brown Jawnpore Ready	...	...	7 0 0
Do. Forward	...	...	7 0 0
Yellow Cawnpore	...	...	.....
Do. Forward	...	...	7 7 0
Yellow Gujerati	...	...	.....
Do. Forward	...	...	7 10 0
POPPYSEED—Tone dull.			
Ready	...	...	8 5 0
Forward	...	...	8 6 0
CASTORSEED—Tone steady.			
Ready	...	...	35 0 0
Forward...	...	...	34 3
GINGELLYSEED—Tone steady.			
Howree Khandeish ...	...	...	47 0 0
15 per cent. Mixed ...	...	...	46 1-2

WHEAT—Tone dull.

White Delhi forward	5 1 0

New York. Declined owing to weak cables and to large estimated receipt for to-morrow.

New Orleans. Spot	10 9-16
Future month of March ...	10·32-5
Do do May ...	10·53-2
Tone at close	steady

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	quiet but steady.
Estimated sales	10,000 Bales
Imports	17,000 "

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April	April-May
5·55 —2	5·55 —2	5·59 —2
May-June.	June-July	July-Aug
5·62 1-2	5·65 1 —2	5·67 —2
Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov
5·53 —2	5·51 —2	5·48 —2

COTTON.—Quotations are still declining without inducing buyers to operate. The heavy stock at Colaba is weighing on the market and the daily turnover is on very small lines.
Closing Sutta quotations for March are as follows :—
Broach M.-G. Good ..... Rs. 253
Bengals Fully Good ..... " 179

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

	Fine.	F.-G. Good	Daly.
Bengal, H. G. (Ry. terms)	189	181 ...	Ready.
Bengals (M.-G.) Ry. terms	195	185 ...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.) ...	194	184 ...	do.
Oomrawuttee (descriptions) M.-G.	213	207 ...	do.
Khandeish (M.-G.) ...	207	201 ...	do.
Jalgaum (M.-G.) ...	...	... 205 ...	do.
Khundwa (M.-G.) ...	...	... 208 ...	do.
Khangaum, fair staple (M.-G.)			
Karanja do, (M.-G.)	213	207 ..	do.
Akola do, (M.-G.)			
Oomra, good staple (M.-G.)	230	224 ...	do.
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)	221	215 ...	do.
Nagpur Kamptee (M.-G.)	229	223 ...	do.
Broach (M.-G.)	264	261 260	do.
Yeotmal (M.-G.)	225	219 ...	do.
Muttia (M.-G.)	210	204 ...	do.
Dharwar (S.-G.)	...	 253	25. May
Westerns	...	 231	do.

GAMBLING IN A GAMING HOUSE.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Gouch prosecuted Goolam Hoosain alias Mahomed Hoosain and seven others, the first accused for keeping a common gaming house in Surti Moholla, and the rest for gaming. It appeared that on information received Inspector Gouch raided the house with a few policemen and arrested the accused on the midnight of the 24th instant in the act of gaming with cards and money. All the accused pleaded guilty. His Worship in disposing of the case fined the first accused, who is the owner of some landed property, Rs. 40 with the alternative of 15 days' rigorous imprisonment. Accused No. 7, who had admitted a previous conviction for a similar offence, was fined Rs. 30, in default to undergo ten days' rigorous imprisonment. The rest of the accused were fined Rs. 15 each, with the alternative of one week's rigorous imprisonment.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LAWRENCE—February 26, at Pedder Road, to Sir Lawrence and Lady Jenkins, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

BLACKBURN—January 25, at Allahabad, Florence Ann Dunlop Blackburn, daughter of William Samuel Blackburn, (late of the Secretariat, Agra), and of Janet Gentle Blackburn.
GAHAN—February 18, at Madras, "Sheila Mary," the dearly loved infant daughter of Mr and Mrs F W Gahan, aged 3 months and 18 days.

SERRAVALLO'S TONIC
HAS BEEN AWARDED
20 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS.
Highly recommended by Medical Authorities all over the world.
CURES :
ANEMIA,
CHLOROSIS,
DEBILITY,
NEURASTHENIA.
Price Rs. 2 per bottle.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
KEMP & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 11m. Sun sets, 6h. 5m. High water, 2-1m., 2-33a. Low water, 8-9m., 8-8a.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-15 p.m.
Bombay Flower Show, Malabar Hill.
Sassoon Mechanics' Institute Lecture by Mr. James Macdonald, 6 p.m. (S. T.)
Signor Scrinzi's Concert, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m. (S. T.)
Bombay Club, half yearly general meeting, 6-30 p.m. (S. T.)
Lord Reay Lecture F D. Petit Laboratory, Grant Medical College, 5 p. m.

POLICE NOTICE.—A camera has been taken charge of by the Police and awaits its owner.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. "Yarra" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon on Saturday the 3rd March. Parcel mail for French-China, Netherlands India and Japan close at 8-30 a. m. to-day.

MUSICAL RECITAL OF RUSTOM-SORAB.—We are requested to announce that owing to the indisposition of two of the members of the Kabraji family the above recital, which was to have taken place on the 2nd March has been postponed till Tuesday, March 13th. The tickets of the 2nd will hold good for the 13th also.

A HEARTLESS MOTHER.—A female child about fifteen days old was found rolled in a piece of black sari and lying exposed on an open piece of ground off Reay Road yesterday and was removed by the police to the Bai Motlibai Hospital. The mother of the child is being sought for.

A FATAL FALL.—A Hindu girl named Sanjibai, aged fifteen years, climbed up a mango tree in an oart at Wadala to collect dried sticks, when the branch she was standing on broke and she fell on the ground, injuring her spinal column and died on Monday night.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT.—Gullam Husain Bandeali Sonji, a commission agent having his godown at Khoja Mohol a, reported to the police that on opening his godown yesterday morning he found that the place had been entered by some one through the window and some of the boxes therein had been forced open and a pair of diamond ear-rings valued at Rs. 500 and some currency notes and cash of the value of Rs. 120 were stolen.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A HORSE.—While a horse attached to a carriage belonging to Mr. Tajbhoy Alibhoy was being driven by his coachman Bhau Lulloo along Dhabu Street yesterday, the animal suddenly took fright and bolted towards its stable in the same street, and in so doing knocked down a Hindu girl aged six years, who was playing with other children in the street. The girl on being removed to the J. J. Hospital was found to have sustained a fracture of the base of the skull.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—The twentieth annual general meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Bombay, to-day at 6 p. m., to transact the following business :—1st To receive the Annual Report of the Council and the Audited Accounts of the Society for the year ending 31st December 1905. 2. To elect the office-bearers for the ensuing year. 3. To elect two auditors. The President, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I. C. S., will deliver his presidential address.

SELLING TODDY WITHOUT A LICENSE.—At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, tried a case in which one Sucia Budhia, a Koli Hindu, aged 23, and a servant in the employ of Gullamnabi Goolamalli a licensed toddy-tree tapper in a wadi at Sion, stood charged with selling five bottles of toddy without a license in his name. Evidence showed that the accused sold four annas worth of toddy on Sunday last to a witness in the case and was arrested with the marked four-anna piece in his possession. He pleaded not guilty to the charge. He was convicted and fined Rs. 30 with the alternative of 15 days' rigorous imprisonment.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The Indian Hotels Co.'s European String Band, under the direction of Mr. C. T. Coke, will play the following programme of music at W. B. Green & Co.'s Apollo Bunder Restaurant to-day during dinner hours:—

March	Tournament ... Bonheur
Valse	Balancelle ... Godard
Polka	Grisette ... Jacobini
Selection	Il Trovatore ... Verdi
Barn Dance	Klikrakkie ... Hall
Two-Step	Scandal'ne Eyes ... Mydleton

(By request)

Valse	Itis ... Ostleve
Galop	Cum Long Bea ... Coke

MUSIC AT PYRKE'S APOLLO BUNDER.—The Victoria String Band will play the following programme of music at the Pyrke's Apollo Restaurant, commencing from 7 till 10 p.m. to day :—

March	Under the Double Eagle ... Wagner
Overture	Knight Errant ... Bendix
Valse	The Choristers ... Phelps
March	Distant Greeting ... Doring
Selection	The Earl and the Girl ... Crayil
Intermozzo	Aeona ... Vivian Grey
Valse	Blene ... Marges
Cake Walk	Creole Belle ... Lampe

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Prantej Railway for the first 13 days of January amounted to Rs. 7,024, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 247

REJOICINGS AT BANSDA.

RETURN OF THE MAHARAJA SAHEB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
BANSDA, FEB. 24.

HIS HIGHNESS the Maharaja Saheb with his family returned to Bansda on 16th instant from Bombay after staying at Pratapnagar for four days. All the servants and subjects, having received the information that the Maharaja Saheb was to come that day, were seen from early morning making preparations to receive him and were very anxious to welcome him to his capital. In spite of heavy showers of rain in the morning their zeal to welcome the Maharaja Saheb had not cooled down. On this occasion the public road of Bansda town was decorated with arches of welcome and flags were seen waving everywhere The rain had stopped when the Maharaja Saheb entered Bansda amidst showers of flowers and the hearty greetings of his subjects and servants, and at their request, with his Princes entered the spacious hall opposite to the Public Works office. The premises of the Public Works office as well as the hall were decorated to befit the occasion.
At the entrance of the hall boards bearing in letters of gold blessing in Sanskrit verse and English were seen suspended. After the Maharaja Saheb and the Princes had taken their seats and after nazaranas were presented, addresses on behalf of state servants, Mahajans and the Parsee community were read by Dewan Saheb Mr. Vachharaj, son of Nagarsheth, and Mr. Manekji respectively, and each address was put in an artistically carved silver casket and presented to the Maharaja Saheb. His Highness owing to his long illness and the fatigue of the journey was unable to speak much, and Patvi Kumarshri Indrasinhji gave a reply to the addresses in an eloquent and effective manner, thanking all and expressing the great satisfaction felt by his worthy father.
The Maharaja Saheb left the hall with his Princes after pan, gulab and attar and flowers were distributed by Dewan Saheb Nagarsheth and leaders of the Parsee community and took his seat in the state carriage. A large procession including elephants and horses bearing magnificent state banners accompanied the carriage of the Maharaja Sahab. On the way to the palace, when the procession was moving, amidst cheers, shouts of hurrahs and blessings in Vedic hymns sung by the Brahmins, the Mahajan people, overjoyed to their full, unyoked the horses of the carriage and dragged it up to the palace, while leaders of the Parsi community—Sheth Meherwanji and Nanoji and others—were holding state umbrellas over the Maharaja and were waving the chowries.
The students of the three schools of the town were standing in rows near the premises of their respective schools and they on seeing the carriage of the Maharaja Saheb showered flowers on him amidst songs and blessings. On reaching the palace the Maharaja Saheb shook hands with all and entered the Durbar Temple.
The Maharaja then went to his own apartments in the palace, showing great joy on his face, seeing the affect on of his subjects, and the gathering dispersed. Photos were taken of the scenes when the addresses were read and presented and when the procession was moving.
The people passed the whole day in great rejoicings. The day was observed as a public holiday. All the offices and schools of the town were closed and guns were fired in honour of the Maharaja Saheb; sweetmeats were distributed in all the schools and prisoners in the jail were provided with a sweetmeat dinner. At night the whole town was splendidly illuminated and the Mahajan people illuminated all the temples of the town.

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
AHMEDABAD, FEB. 24.

We were again visited by rain during this week and still the sky often gets cloudy and the weather has assumed monsoonish appearance which is unprecedented in this part of the year. Last night at heavy shower of rain fell here as well as at Abu Road, Palanpore and Mhow. Complaints have been received of crops being damaged by this premature rain, and natives are entertaining fears about the prospects of the coming monsoon. Owing to cotton crop being damaged by the rain there is a rise in cotton rates and rates of mill shares are slightly gone down.
It is a matter of some relief that notwithstanding the insanitary condition of our city, yet we are totally free from plague and small-pox. Our health officer, Dr. Brooks, is doing his best to improve the filthy and dirty "pols" and bye-lanes, but he has not been receiving as much help from the public as he should have received.
An interesting musical entertainment was held at the Bholanath Ladies' Club on Saturday night. There was a large and influential gathering of European and native ladies and gentlemen who thoroughly enjoyed the songs, etc., which were the features of the evening. It opened with a song of prayer which was well sung by little girls. Mrs. Vidyagavri, Mrs. Sarda Sheemant, daughters of Mr. Gopial, and his son Mr. Gattoolal took an active part in the singing and rendered several capital Songs. Several "Garbas" were sung with great taste by three parties composed of Hindoo and Parsi ladies and they were much applauded. Mrs. Jerbanoo Mr. Sudhakar, Mr. Krishnarao, Mr. Tata, Mr. Lalcaca and Mr. Luxmiram contributed songs and were very favourably received. A duet of Nai Damiemi delighted the audience and the singing of National Anthem closed the proceedings. Much praise is due to Dr. Miss M. R. Kapadia, Mrs. Vidyagavri, Mrs. Jerbanoo, Mr. Krishnarao and Mr. Gattoolal for their exertion in getting up the entertainment.
A tree having fallen on the railway line near Bhandoo Station, the D thl mail train arrived here three hours late on Wednesday night and consequently the Bombay mail was detained here and left a. 11-50 p.m.
Mr. A. L. Covernton, Inspector of European schools, inspected the Roman Catholic Convent School and Railway school and left for Baroda on the 14th instant.

THE DUTY ON SPIRITS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Permit me to endorse the remarks of your correspondent "Pro Bono Publico," whose letter in regard to tariff act and the effect thereof on the consumers in consequence of the increase in the prices of foreign spirits and wines appears in your issue of Saturday, the 24th February 1906. I may state that before the Abkari Act of 1878 was introduced and the harsher rules and regulations framed thereunder put into vigorous practice, the consumers were well assured of the purity and genuineness of the country liquors and spirits. I for one do not expect that Government will be so liberal as to introduce the state of things existing prior to 1878, but surely they can do one thing, and that is what your correspondent urges, arrange for the sale of pure and unadulterated country spirts and liquors, of reasonable strength, at fair prices. At present I understand the price of a bottle of "Rashi" is, e., country liquor, is annas 8 or 9, and although it is milder than cheap brandies and whiskies, from an economical point of view the latter are preferred for the simple reason that when a guest or a visitor comes a bottle of whisky or brandy pays the best better, inasmuch as a bottle of foreign stuff in the long run lasts longer than at least 4 bottles of the Rashi.—Yours, &c.,

EXPERIENCED.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

COTTON CROP IN THE PUNJAB.

Area.—Slight corrections in the returns of area in the districts of Karnal, Gurdaspur, Jhang and Lyallpur involve a reduction in the total sown area from 1,861,200 to 1,835 600 acres.
Yield.—Estimates of yield have been amended in a few instances. The total yield is now pitched at 155,383 bales instead of 160,986 bales. The chief differences are in Gurgaon and Dera Ghazi Khan, where the present figures are less by 3,744 and 1,842 bales respectively.
Native States.—Kapurthala, Faridkot and Maler Kotla have now submitted forecasts in addition to Patiala and Jind. A total yield of 39,199 bales is reported on 161,458 acres. No returns have been furnished by Bahawalpur and Nabha.
On an average of the five years ending 1903-04 the area under cotton in the Punjab has represented some 10·8 per cent. of the total area under cotton in British India.

COTTON IN HYDERABAD.

There have been no sowings since the December forecast was prepared, and the area under cotton is 2,533 610 acres. The crop has not only suffered owing to the unfavourable season, but also on account of the rain that fell in the third week of January. The revised estimates of outturn work out to 197,114 bales, which is a decrease of 9 249 bales on the outturn shown in the December forecast.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

A SPECIAL general meeting of the members of the Institute was held at the Institute last evening, when Mr. S. E. Shellim presided. Mr. R. H. Frost, the Honorary Secretary, read the notice convening the meeting.
Mr W. M. Bell, in moving the first resolution said the Committee of management had thought the change of name to "Sassoon Institution of Library" desirable, because they found that the Society no longer attracted the mechanics resident in Bombay. They, therefore, wished to adopt a name which would appeal to the general public, and bring more prominently to notice the fact that subscribers were offered by the Committee the use of an excellent library. As to the history of the Institution, the Society was first promoted by foremen mechanics of the Mint and Dockyard who met near the square tower over the Dockyard gate under the name of the Bombay Mechanics' Institution. Some time in the early sixties Mr. David Sassoon consulted Colonel Barr as to the best and most appropriate object to devote a benefaction of Rs. 60,000 upon. Colonel Barr being President of the Institution at the time, suggested the building of the 'David Sassoon Mechanics' Institute." Mr. Sassoon approved of the suggestion and submitted his proposal to Government, who, bestipulated, should provide an equal sum. This was agreed to, and the site now occupied by the building was granted by Government at a nominal rent, as part of the Government contribution. About a year after the acceptance of his offer Mr. Sassoon died. A public meeting was called to raise a fund for erecting his statue as a tribute to his memory. The outcome was the beautiful statue which adorned the Hall, and an addition of Rs. 20,000, which was the surplus of the fund, to the building fund, and the granting of a like sum by Government. Finally, the name adopted was the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute. In February 1867, Sir Bart

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The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 28, 1906.

MR. MORLEY AND ARMY ADMINISTRATION.

As the result of the decision of the Secretary of State-in-Council, Lord Kitchener remains as much "Military Dictator" of India, as it was ever proposed he should be—and rather more than he ever wished to be—and there is still as much of a "Dual Control" as was ever suggested—which is nil. The scheme, by which it was sought to put an end to conflict between the Military Department and the Commander-in-Chief as Head of the Army, to do away with a troublesome and superfluous duplication of work and to concede to the Commander-in-Chief greater freedom of working, and which was approved by the late Secretary of State for India, has now been endorsed by his successor. One or two slight modifications have been made—modifications to which neither Viceroy nor Commander-in-Chief will object, and the new Secretary of State-in-Council has, we believe, satisfactorily dealt with "an actual emergency that, apart from a mischievous rise of temperature in the discussion to a point considerably above normal, could not become other than detrimental to the effective administration of the Army itself." In order to put an end to the situation caused by the resignation of Lord Curzon, "in defence of certain high principles," Lord Minto penned a despatch to the Secretary of State, after discussing the matter with his Council, and made suggestions which had the approval of Lord Kitchener. Sir A. T. Arundel, Sir Denzil Ibbetson, Mr. Richards and Mr. Hewitt dissented from the proposals as they would have the Secretary for the Army Department independent of the Army Headquarters. Lord Minto, Lord Kitchener, General Scott and Mr. Baker, on the other hand, held that the suggestions, of their colleagues, named above, were not in accord with the Secretary of State's despatch, were not practical and would cause a duplication of work which it was intended to abolish and, moreover, would prove both costly and inefficient as a system of administration. They considered that the rules amended, as they proposed, would completely safeguard the independence of the Army Secretary and the constitutional control over the Army by the Viceroy and Council. Mr. Morley endorses the views of Lord Minto and Lord Kitchener and declares that the constitutional control of the Army by the Viceroy and Council is fully guaranteed, and Mr. Morley endorses his predecessor's views, and his scheme, providing only that the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department shall have status, powers, duties and responsibilities precisely similar to those of the Secretaries to the Government of India in other Departments.

As we pointed out the other day, the old system had been condemned by successive Commanders-in-Chief and seventeen years ago Lord Roberts pronounced the evils of the arrangement to be palpable. First, he said, "all work involving references between Army Headquarters and the Military Department has to be done twice over. Another disadvantage of the system is the inherent tendency of one set of able officers who are expected to review the recommendations of another set of equally able officers, to endeavour to prove why a certain course of action should not, instead of why it should, be followed." Under the scheme now prescribed by the Secretary of State this condition of affairs will be impossible, for the Commander-in-Chief is at the head of the new department, and all papers will pass to him through the hands of the Secretary. The Committee on the Indian Army Administration, in 1902, found that in recent years, owing to the special circumstances of the repeated changes in the Commander-in-Chief and the illness of Sir William Lockhart, a greater responsibility had been taken by the Military Department and that the so-called Military Member had tended more and more to become an expert adviser than a civil administrator. They found that difficulties had, from time to time, been apparent between the two Departments; that though such difficulties had been staved off temporarily by the good management of individuals, they were incidental to the system and must continually recur under the then existing conditions. Under the new scheme the defects pointed out by the Committee, by Lord Roberts and Sir George White will be removed, and whatever amendments to rules are suggested by the Secretary of State are aimed at providing that all matters before they are poured down upon the Commander-in-Chief shall have been filtered through the Secretary of the Department as they would in any other Department of Government.

We are told that both the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief are well satisfied with the decision, though it is, of course, open to the Governor-General-in-Council to make a further representation in case it is deemed necessary. We scarcely think they will, although, as Mr. Morley says, quoting Lord Lansdowne, "there is no finality in these things and a moment may come when it will be necessary to reconsider some of the details." This remains true, adds Mr. Morley, and if it be found that by giving the Military Secretary greater powers than were contemplated, and the capacity of his department for throwing obstacles in the way of the Commander-in-Chief has not been impaired, it will be competent for the Viceroy or the Commander-in-Chief further to address the Secretary of State. Mr. Morley tells us he has done his best to decide the questions arising under the draft rules wholly upon their merits and with entire freedom from personal prepossession, anxious to avoid exaggerations and strongly desiring to find himself in substantial accord with the Government of India. India will, we believe, accept the assurance and join the Secretary of State in the hope that the opinions he has expressed will tend to compose a controversy too long outstanding, and will safeguard the fundamental principle that the Government of India in all its branches, aspects and divisions, subject to the statutory powers of the Secretary of State, has been solemnly and deliberately confided by Parliament to the Governor-General-in-Council. That principle, despite all misrepresentation to the contrary, has never yet been challenged and is never likely to be. There is reason to believe that there will be no further delay in this country in getting the new scheme into working order, for in the trifling amendment the Secretary of State has drafted there is no serious stumbling-block, and as Mr. Morley says, everybody will agree that far less depends upon the letter of the written rule, important as the written rules must be, than upon a spirit of harmonious co-operation in working them. That spirit, he hopes, Lord Minto will have the high good fortune to secure; and India hopes so too.

RUSSIA'S FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES. THE announcement in the organ which backs up Count de Witte that it will be necessary to raise fifty millions sterling in order to cover the extraordinary Budget expenditure will hardly come as a surprise. It seems like a mark of utter despair and is accentuated by his advice to the Czar to impose an additional tax on commercial profits. This by itself would be hard enough, but the Imperial decree recently issued goes even further and imposes a duty on the salary of all employees of limited liability companies. In ordinary time some considerable temporary gain might accrue to the Treasury, but in any case a stern reckoning must follow and under existing conditions at an early date. Russia's only chance seems to be in foreign loans, and Reuter briefly comments on the possibility of raising the necessary fifty millions by saying "This at present is impossible, and consequently it will be necessary to resort to a loan on onerous terms." It will not be forgotten that in a recent attempt to float a French loan Russia met with such rebuffs and obstacles than an individual would have retired worsted. Russia, however, cannot afford to retire. Whatever was left in the treasuries, in the country indeed, after the disastrous war in Manchuria, has been absorbed by the Revolution, which has stirred the country to its depths. There is plenty of evidence that the outbreak has died down rather than been killed, and it can only be by prompt payment that that part of the Army, which has remained loyal, can be so kept. Therefore foreign capital is the very thing which Russia must have, and Count de Witte's proposal will frighten away a large part of it, for the new tax resembles too closely confiscation and the interception of legitimate earnings of capital. With this new blight brought into active being, there is less likelihood than ever of the rich intrinsic resources of the Empire receiving the industrial exploitation they so badly need. The sole excuse, indeed, for the suicidal proceeding is that some drastic method has to be employed at once to enable the St. Petersburg Treasury to pay its way. The long-talked-of foreign loan still hangs in the air, and although rumours report from time to time that some great financial combination has agreed to supply ten or twenty millions sterling as a stop-gap, some hitch invariably occurs to mar the negotiations. Nearly the whole of the sources of revenue have been made more difficult by the raising of innumerable restrictions during the last year, and there seems to be no other market ready to step in to fill the gap. It is possible that necessity will compel the acceptance of a loan on the most exorbitant terms, but it is obvious that by their acceptance the country can only be plunged into even a worse financial state than it is at present.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT. POLITICIANS in this country who imagined the new Government would turn upside down everything that had been done by its predecessor are doomed to disappointment. Mr. Herbert Roberts, the self-constituted champion of India, moved an amendment to the Address, which the House would not seriously consider, on the subject of the partition of Bengal, and added some remarks on the rise of Japan and its influence on India, which were very far from wise. But Mr. Morley informed the House that although he knew the partition wholly disregarded the wishes of the majority of the people of Bengal, nevertheless the thing was settled and it was unreasonable to ask the Government to start afresh, especially as he was assured on the best authority that the feeling regarding the same was subsiding. Mr. Morley, it is evident, does not intend to act merely on his own feelings, but will in all matters accept the advice of the same Council which advised his predecessor. All the same he is convinced that India has had a period of energy in administration and now as we have urged on more than one occasion, is in need of a rest, or, as the right honourable gentlemen puts it, should be allowed to take breath. The Secretary of State and his Council are still to govern India, not Mr. Roberts and Sir Henry Cotton, or even the six honourable members whose maiden speeches in the new Parliament referred to questions concerning the administration of this country.

A READY REFLECTION. THE result of the defeat of the Tariff Reform Party at the recent general election has been quickly reflected in the iron trade, the returns of which from January are to hand. Generally the conditions were now as prosperous as was expected at the close of the year. Immediately after the holidays there was an upward movement in speculative centres and an unusually large amount of buying by consumers and, had it not been for the disturbance caused by the election, iron must have gained considerably in value during the month. The drop in Cleveland was accompanied by a curious approximation in standard warrants, but apart from speculation the markets did not move very distinctly. On the other hand, in the United States, where, if anywhere, one might look for the weakness which arises from over-production, there was no indication of trouble. On the Continent, too, the situation remained very strong, with a marked tendency to improve, owing to the certainty of a continued market in England. The result of the election gave clear indication of some considerable respite from the threatened tariff bar and this should not be forgotten. It is chiefly by signs such as these, of how the Continental and American manufacturers regard the English markets that one is able to arrive at the definite conclusion as to which side reaps the advantage. But for the time it is to remain "Hail to the foreigner," and the English manufacturer is to suffer, and with him the national wealth, at the hands of those who have set up a prohibitive wail against our produce. It was hardly to be expected that the market would be affected so readily, but it carries all the greater lesson with it.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Viceroy dines with the old Etonians in Calcutta on Wednesday, the 28th instant.

THE Marquis Theodoli lunched with their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Countess of Minto on Saturday.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the creation of a post of Professor of Chemistry for the Government College at Lahore.

IT is probable that a Training College for European young men will shortly be opened at the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar.

DR. LEATHER, Agricultural Chemist to the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for three months. Mr. Finlow, jute specialist to the Government of India, officiates.

THE Duchess of St. Albans, who is now staying at Government House, Calcutta, will proceed up-country directly to Benares and Agra and will sail from Bombay on the 17th March.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Dholka Railway for the first 13 days of January, amounted to Rs. 2,791, being a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,106.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway for the first 13 days of January, amounted to Rs. 74,478, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 38,854.

LADY MARY CRICHTON and Hon. Mrs. Derek Keppel, who have been staying at Government House as their Excellencies' guests for the last two months, left Calcutta, on Saturday night. The Hon Florence Palk, who has been also staying at Government House as their Excellencies' guest, left Calcutta on Saturday afternoon.

NOTE too soon notice of motion has been given to the Corporation for obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to (1) the speedy supply of water at fires, (2) the provision of fire escapes, (3) of the erection in street of alarums communicating with fire stations etc. and (4) bye-laws to ensure adequate means of exit from houses in case of fire and to prevent the complete barring of windows above the ground floor. There is also a proposal to form a Committee of enquiry as to the reason of the stoppage of water at the Chakla fire and as to means of improving the efficiency of the fire brigade.

SUCH satisfactory relations were established with the Tashi Lama during his visit to India that, in spite of Chinese pretentions, no difficulty should be experienced in maintaining British influence in Tibet. Politically there is not much to be done so long as a Trade Agent only is stationed at Gyantse, and not at Shigatzse, or even at Lhassa; but commercially certain opportunities are lying open to us, which should not be neglected. The Tibetans now will trade freely as their old suspicions have been softened; and it needs only the improvement of communications with India to ensure a steady development of traffic in various commodities. We have already urged that the road through Chini should be completed with a view to encouraging trade with Gartok, and special attention should also be directed to work on the Ama Cau route. This seems to have been suspended, although a survey was made last year, and estimates were submitted to Government. There can be little doubt that if the Chumbi Valley were connected with the Jalpaiguri District by means of the road thus surveyed, exports from south-eastern Tibet would seek this route, and the traders would take large quantities of goods back with them. The expenditure involved in road-making would be between fifty and sixty lakhs, it is true, but considering the permanent advantages to be gained, this outlay should not be considered prohibitive. Our hold upon Tibet, such as it is, can best be secured by peaceful means; and every effort should, therefore, be made to stimulate trade with the people. It may be too late, a few years hence, if China persists in her policy of interference at Lhassa.

MISS FITZGERALD, a nursing sister at the Cambridge Hospital, Aldershot, who died in the hospital of pneumonia, was buried in the Aldershot Military Cemetery, on Feb. 6, with full military honours. This is the first time a woman's funeral has been so honoured by the Garrison. The coffin, which was draped with the Union Jack, was carried on a five-inch howitzer, and the whole of the military nursing staff and the officers of the Royal Army Medical Corps followed, among them being Miss Brown, Royal Red Cross, matron-in-chief of the Queen Alexandra Imperial Nursing Service, and General McNamara, principal medical officer of the Aldershot Army Corps. The band of the Royal Army Medical Corps played the burial music.

MR. ARTHUR PINERO, whose new play at the St. James's Theatre has proved so great a success, is without doubt our leading dramatist. He comes of a Portuguese family, and began his career in a Solicitor's office. When he was nineteen he forsook the law for the attractions of the stage, and made his first appearance at the Theatre Royal Edinburg, with the munificent salary of one pound a week. As a playwright he first made his mark with "The Money Spinner." Of his later dramas "The second Mrs. Tanqueray" and "The Gay Lord Quex" have been most popular with the playgoing public. In private life Mr. Pinero is renowned for his geniality, but when his plays are being rehearsed he is said to be a veritable martinet.

VILLAGE PLAYERS.

THE STAGE AND THE COUNTRY.

TREES black against the moonlight, the fragrance of pines on the frosty air—and a long queue of people worthy of a Strand theatre. This is Hildenborough. Hildenborough is making merry. Round the latter end of the waiting queue Benedictine monks go bustling to a back door—monks and good folk out of the fifteenth century in slashed doublets and hose, and a jester in his motley. They look curiously real in the moonlight. Breaking shamelessly through the queue—with true country politeness it gives way at once for a stranger—you come into Hildenborough Village Hall, and immediately wonder what is to happen to the queue. For the hall already seems full to the uttermost corner. You slide difficulty through the narrowest of gangways to your appointed seat, and with pain and apology to your neighbour make room to get out of your coat. Hildenborough is not a very large village—some thousand folk, they say—but there must be a goodly section of them in the hall. Small boys seem to be clinging to the walls like flies, and from the look of things at the back you wonder if the people are standing on each other.

This is a great occasion. The Village Players of Hildenborough are to appear in "The Pilgrim's Rest," an original drama, in a prologue and three acts. All Hildenborough is interested. Sitting in the panelled parlour of the village inn you hear them discussing dramatic technique in the bar. Of course they are interested. The hero, the villain, the comedian, and all the rest are personal friends. When the villain works at the same bench with you, of course you have a friendly interest in his doings. The Village Players are all Hildenborough folk. Four years ago the members of the Men's Institute in Hildenborough, a cosy little place, with a billiard table and a library and everything handsome, about it turned their thoughts to drama. You might think that the dramatic impulse was not very powerful in ordinary English countryfolk. It is one of the stalest of commonplaces to contrast the peaceful countryside with the whirl of human action. Townsmen are frequently pleased to sneer at the country's lack of enterprise and intellectual smartness. But the person who sneers is often the most ridiculous. In Hildenborough, at all events, there is plenty of the dramatic spirit, which is, after all, only the spirit of interest in life. The men of Hildenborough have always been keen to have a part in the annual plays, and the plays have become a part of the village life. In the institute photographic records of past triumphs hang on the walls, and you hear men eagerly comparing one year's achievements with the next. The actors have come from all sorts of trades. Take this year's cast. A blacksmith is the jeune premier. A harness maker is the comedian. The villain is a gunpowder maker in private life. A cricket-ball maker plays the part of a monk, who sets everything right. Why not? In the old days of England, when a township felt a demand for the drama the members of one of the trade guilds put their several heads together, and produced play and players, there were no professionals then. The good folks generally chose miracle-plays to exhibit their talents, and, perhaps, the performances were miraculous in more senses than one. But it is not wise to sneer at them. Drama in those days was a part of the national life as it has never been since. Those homely pageants might lack much of artistic merit. It is quite certain they made much goodfellowship and jollity. If the Hildenborough Village Players did no more than imitate their forefathers in that they would still deserve much gratitude in these days of strenuous competition, when we are all anxious to get the better someone else. And perhaps this annual play gives Hildenborough something even more valuable than a few jolly evenings.

The "Village Players" rely entirely on the resources of the countryside. Their playwright, their stage-manager and scene painter, are local residents. The village organist, has composed the overture and a bright song. The business managers are the schoolmaster, and the postmaster. The cast, as has been indicated, is made up of Hildenborough men of all sorts of occupations. Only the Hildenborough women are left out of the performance. The village players are strictly masculine. For the fair sex is reserved—criticism. And now it is time to return to the village hall, where Hildenborough is packed tight, waiting for the prologue of "The Pilgrim's Rest."

The programme informs you that the period is the fifteenth century, and the scene at Minster, a village near Canterbury. We are going to see monks and Canterbury pilgrims, and there will apparently be a fine flavour of Kent about the play. The village firemen remove themselves from their commanding position in front of the footlights, and the curtain rises slowly to show the tiny stage transformed into a most picturesque interior—the monastery church of Minster. Then we see Benedictine monks, and hear a choir chanting lauds. A fugitive from justice, a man who has stabbed his brother, bursts into claim the right of sanctuary. A monk exhorts him to seek the peace of the cloister, while the avengers of blood are heard hammering at the gate. You note the intense earnestness of the players; you see the eager attention of the audience. They have all gone back 500 years. They are all Kentish folk of the fifteenth century, with the passions and the fears and the ideals of the old world. They have entered into this life of the past, and it is as real to them as the life of the telegraph wire and the railway.

The prologue over, the scene changes to Minster village itself, a charming, quaint picture, copied, you are told, from an old print. Here you find a jester in motley belabouring all and sundry with his bladder, to the huge delight of the audience; also mine host of 'Ye Minster Chimes," and his son, two downright Englishmen, much perturbed by the exactions of a wicked bailiff; also Father Ambrose, a wise and excellent monk; also Roger Goodman and Robert Wildgoose, the mayor and town clerk of Minster, two honest fellows, with a knack of quarrelling and making friends, again, which provokes much mirth. Then there is a most villainous spy, who professes to be deaf and dumb, but is suspected of hearing more than a deaf man should and telling more than a dumb man ought. A trio of Canterbury pilgrims appear besides to remind us of Chaucer and Thomas a Becket, and sing a merry roundelay. The villainous bailiff, it may be hinted, is much more closely related to the innkeeper he seeks to ruin than you might suppose, and Father Ambrose, noble monk though he is, has a stormy past behind him. There is much trouble over a secret will, and the wicked bailiff attempts an assassination, and then commits himself with Jack Cade's rebels and has the King's troops after him. In short, you have plenty of stirring incident and plenty of comedy between the jester and the mayor and town clerk. There is no need to describe the plot in detail, for, to tell the truth, it requires a good deal of description. It is enough to say that "The Pilgrim's Rest" is a good, bustling drama, with plenty of action and plenty of variety and a healthy atmosphere of good fellowship. It commanded the rapt attention of the Hildenborough audience. They laughed often and loud at the jester's antics and the idiosyncrasies of master, mayor and the learned town clerk. They were breathless and still as death when the villain leapt out with his dagger on the good monk. They roared with delight when the spy who had shammed dumbness forgot himself and spoke. And the players? They flung themselves whole-heartedly into the play. They had no self-consciousness. They were not afraid of their parts. It would be equally easy and unprofitable and unfair to select a number of minute points for criticism. The important point to note is that these "Village Players" did, in fact, succeed in realising the kind of men they were to represent; that they did show a power of understanding and depicting the actions and passions of other men. The whole play was real to them, and they made it real to the audience. There could not be a more sportive jester than Mr. Thomas Williams. His grin was in itself a joy. Mr. George Ingrams made a fine figure of the monk, and Mr. George Ford, Mr. William Burgess, Mr. Arthur Killick, and Mr. Frank Howell all did themselves credit. The audience helped them, of course. No actor could wish to play to a more responsive house, to people more eager to enter into the spirit of the play. Altogether Hildenborough distinguished itself both before and behind the footlights.

THE PARTITION OF BENGAL.

GOVERNMENT MAINTAIN THE EXISTING CONDITION.

The Liberal Policy.

INDIA OCCUPIES THE HOUSE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 26.

In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Herbert Roberts moved his Amendment to the Address that the House viewed with concern the widespread unrest in India connected with the partition of Bengal, and favours such modifications as are required to allay that discontent, and is of opinion that the demands of the Indian people for a larger share in the administration should receive the consideration of the Government.

With reference to the last, he alluded to the deep impression the rise of Japan had made on the Indians. The continuance of the present policy would, he added, result in the loss of India.

Sir Henry Cotton seconded the Amendment and said it voiced the Indian's view of the partition. He suggested the inclusion of Assam in Bengal and the creation of a new province to the westward of the capital of Patna.

Mr. Morley congratulated the House on the fact that there had been six maiden speeches made urging the views of the Indian people. He did not assent to the view that the movement for the partition of Bengal arose from political motives. The strain of work necessitated some redistribution, as Sir Henry Cotton's suggestion admitted, but the partition made wholly disregarded the wishes of the majority of the people of Bengal. Nevertheless it was a settled thing and it was unreasonable to ask the Government to start afresh, especially as he was assured on the highest authority that the feeling regarding the same was subsiding. India had had a period of energy in administration and the time had not arrived to pass a verdict on the great administration of Lord Curzon. His fine powers, great gifts and supreme devotion to what he believed to be the public interest were undeniable, and he thought at the end of this great period India should be allowed to take breath.

As regards the wider part of the Amendment, Mr. Morley said he was not likely to depart from the general principles of Liberalism, and those knowing India declared the people were admirable material on which the system might be built up in which they would have a far greater share in the administration, but it was folly to pretend that immediate action in that direction was desirable.

He indicated there would be no tendency to restrict remunerative public works, for light taxation was one of the master-keys to loyalty. He would therefore look in the direction of economy for lightening taxation. He concluded: "I have been asked to show sympathy and admiration in the great work of our administration of India and I respond with all the conviction I have in me. I thoroughly sympathise with the justice of the appeal. You may call it sentiment, but sentiment in a man is ill-fitted to the Government of others if it does not give a large field for the operation of human sympathy."

Earl Percy defended Lord Curzon's action; otherwise he concurred in Mr. Morley's general conclusions.

The amendment was eventually withdrawn.

The Commons have adopted the Address in reply to the King's speech without a division.

It has been arranged that Sir Edward Grey answers all questions relating to Foreign Affairs in the House of Commons on Tuesdays and Thursdays, and Mr. Runciman on other days.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN POSITION.

Serious Warning from Lord Milner.

GOVERNMENT COURTS DISASTER.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

In the House of Lords last night Lord Milner warned the Government against the dangers of the immediate granting of responsible Government in South Africa and especially to Orangia in view of the irreconcilability of the Boers there.

Lord Elgin repudiated the word slavery in connection with the Chinese.

The constitution of the new Colonies, he said, followed the principles which had resulted in loyal and prosperous Canada.

THE TIBET TREATY.

No Information Available.

LONDON, FEB. 26.

Sir E. Grey, replying to a question, said that no papers could be laid on the table of the House or was any statement possible during the Tibetan negotiations between India and China.

THE MOROCCO QUESTION.

Proposed Fresh Start.

At the sitting of the Conference at Algeciras to-day, M. Revoil handed a Note to Herr von Radowitz declaring that France considers her proposals in no wise assail the commercial and economic equality, and is of opinion they should be discussed by the Conference.

THE RUSSIAN DUMA.

To Meet Early in May.

The Tsar has decreed that the Duma shall meet on the 10th May.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ATTACK ON ANOTHER MISSION IN CHINA.

Ominous Signs.

CHINA PROTESTS AMICABLE FEELINGS.

LONDON, FEB. 26.

The American Mission at Nanchang in Kiangsi has been destroyed. In one family two adults and two children were killed. The rest of the missionaries escaped. An American gunboat has been ordered up the Yangtse.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

Six French Jesuits were also killed at Nanchang.

Reuter wires from Peking that China has decided to make representations to America regarding the sending of American troops to the Philippines for Chinese contingencies, declaring there are no symptoms of an anti-foreign movement and that the Boxer rising will never be repeated. China will instruct her representatives abroad similarly. The Chinese Government is worried about the present disturbances, as it wants to gain the confidence of the Powers with a view to the removal of the foreign garrisons.

THE SOKOTO DISASTER.

Troops to be Reinforced.

In the House of Lords, Lord Elgin, Secretary of State for the Colonies, in reply to a question, said that a punitive expedition to Sokoto was not necessary. The troops serving in that region will be reinforced and measures will be taken to punish the promoters of the disturbance.

JAPANESE AMBASSADOR FOR LONDON.

Cordial Reception by the King.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

Baron Hayashi presented his credentials yesterday as Ambassador of Japan to the Court of St. James.

He drove to the Palace with his suite in Royal carriages and was received by King Edward with the greatest ceremony.

THE GAEKWAR ROBBED.

£8,000 WORTH OF JEWELS STOLEN IN FRANCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 27.

A "Statesman" cable dated London, February 26th, says the Gaekwar of Baroda, who is travelling on the Continent, has been persistently shadowed by thieves, who eventually succeeded in stealing £8,000 worth of jewels at Monceaux. Three men belonging to an international gang have been arrested at Croire and part of the booty has been recovered.

VICEREGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 27.

The business at next Friday's meeting of the Viceroy's Legislative Council comprises the passing of the Coinage and the Mints Bill and the presentation of the reports of the Select Committees upon the Presidency Small Cause Courts Bill, the Indian Stamp Bill and the Merchant Seamen's Bill.

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 27.

Mr. Holwood and Mr. Casperz have been appointed to officiate upon the Calcutta High Court Bench, vice Justices Pargiter and Gut. Mr. Ormond officiates vice Justice Henderson, and Mr. Bell acts as Chief Judge, Calcutta Small Cause Court, vice Mr. Ormond.

LORD KITCHENER'S SCHEME.

MORE PRESS OPINION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 27.

A "Pioneer" special cablegram dated London, the 26th instant, says:—

The "Daily Telegraph" doubts whether Mr. Morley's despatch will tend to compose the controversy. The old ingrained prejudices of Englishmen will, it anticipates, be on the side of Mr. Morley and Lord Curzon.

Some papers are apprehensive of Lord Kitchener's resignation. The "Globe" fears the decision will lead to a renewal of the controversy, and hopes Lord Kitchener's exalted sense of patriotism will prevent him from resigning.

The "Pall Mall Gazette" thinks that public opinion will be with Mr. Morley. The controversy, it says, must not cost India a great soldier as well as a great statesman, and trusts that Lord Kitchener will complete his work in India in loyal co-operation with the highest constitutional authorities.

MOTOR CYCLE TRIALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 27.

The Motor Cycle Trials was started this morning from Parbati. Owing to the cold few spectators were present. At a few minutes to seven there were only three cars. At 7-20 about seven competitors had gathered. It was decided to let them go off. Mr. Moore, Police Inspector, was present to see that all competitors had their proper numbers on the vehicles, also that they had procured the necessary licenses and were recognisable under any circumstances. It is not yet decided who won the cup, but Mr. Raphael on Pickard's N. N stands best chance for first honours. Thirteen competed. The following six did not start:—Dr Rowlands, Messrs. A Bachmann, A. W. Elson, J. Kirkbride, and P. Pooley, and Lieut Brinston.

THE NEW HEBRIDES.

REPORTED AGREEMENT.

A special cablegram to the "Englishman" dated London, February 26th, says:—

The Anglo-French differences regarding the New Hebrides, which have extended over thirty years, have been settled to the satisfaction of both parties. The Commission has concluded its labours here and has secured complete agreement.

A RUSSIAN VIEW OF INDIA.

EXTRAORDINARY ADDRESS BY AN OFFICER.

A special correspondent of the "Pall Mall Gazette" recently wired from St. Petersburg.—Neither its recent war nor its present internal troubles have made Russia quite forget its "traditional movement" towards India, as a speech lately delivered before a military Society in St. Petersburg by Lieutenant-Colonel Sayessteff makes abundantly clear. What is more remarkable about this speech than its unfriendliness is the fact that it was delivered by an officer of the Liberal school, one of those who will occupy a high position at the Russian War Office in case the Liberalisation of Russian institutions becomes an accomplished fact.

The lecturer called his speech "India as a Principal Factor in the Central Asiatic Question," and he first sketched the British system of Government in India, a system which "might," he said, "be described as piracy tempered by trade." This system was carried out by foreigners who regarded the Indians as the lowest of mankind. No wonder that such a Government as this evoked the hatred of the population, all the more as India had before her eyes the living examples of her neighbours, the unconquered Afghans, proud of their freedom.

But, apart from the administrative economical character of the English policy in India, there existed (said the lecturer) another reason for the hatred of the natives towards the English, and that was the contemptuous bearing of the English towards them. Enlightened Anglo-Indians knew that English rule was bringing their country to poverty and ruin, but they constituted the minority. The remaining ignorant and dark mass simply hated the English for their pride and contemptuousness. They compared the power of the Great Moguls with that of the English, and found that in the days of the former India was better off. At present all the wealth of the country was exported abroad, and there was no inequality in the distribution of wealth, simply because there was no distribution—all Indians being equally ruined and poor.

The land tax (all land in India is regarded as Government property) is the chief factor in the revenues of India. The land rents constituted, officially, only from six to eight per cent. of the gross income of the ryot (the Indian peasant), but all the trouble lay in the fact that the taxation of the land was decided, not by the natives, but by the English, who, in their own interests, made this taxation fall in a manner completely artificial and unjust. An English tax inspector once admitted himself that half the rural population never have enough food for a full year.

Another instance of "robber-government" was the tax on salt, and another the enormous expenses of the administration, consisting of Englishmen. In India monstrously high taxes are paid by a half-starved population. Individual Englishmen remained in India just as long as it pleased them, but meanwhile their hearts were always in England and to England they began to send the savings from the first day their feet touched the Indian shore. When their term of military service or of mercantile engagement came to an end, they carried out of the country with them all their capital. In this way floating capital was being systematically carried out of the country. Officially this was called excess of exports over imports.

This policy had produced results from which India was suffering to-day. First among these were the periodical famines. The English explained that these famines were due to bad harvests, but famines were economical, and bad harvests atmospheric phenomena. Before the period of British rule, each Indian peasant had a stock of bread (!) from four or five harvests, and even in the most severe and long continued famine the country could hold out for two or three months. In each village, under present conditions, from 60 to 70 per cent. of the inhabitants could not quite tide over the interval from one harvest to another, and had to eat grass and roots. In an Indian village there was now no stock of food. Money was always being sent out of the country; and all commercial and industrial undertakings were in the hands of Englishmen.

Coming to the relations of the English with the natives, he (the lecturer) again found himself face to face with the hypocrisy of the former. The Indians were a talented people, with a rich, independent culture; yet the English looked down on them with contempt and disdain, and regarded them as an inferior race, although the whole mass of native pupils, pedagogues and administrators clearly proved the injustice of this view. In general, the relations of the English, even the most humane of them, with the natives were those of cattle-drovers with their cattle.

England's policy in India must (he said) be condemned for its cruelty and injustice, and it would hurt not only India, but England herself, and would in the near future, provoke a storm that would deprive Great Britain of this prized possession. And, in this connection, he said, they should not forget that in the East there had now arisen a new and mighty nation, Japan, also claiming to have a decisive voice in the Indian question.

In conclusion, the lecturer drew attention to the fact that Russia's "historical movement towards India" had been stopped by England, Great Britain had collected all her forces for the defence of India because the Central-Asiatic theatre ought for her to be as important as the Western; and it must not be forgotten that India is the key to world-wide dominion. Who rules India, rules the world.

ATTACKED BY A PATHAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 27.

Miss Twigg, sister of Captain Twigg, Superintendent of the Yerrowda Jail, whilst walking in the open country behind the Central Jail on Sunday last was accosted by a Pathan. She was then at some little distance from home and was going in the direction of Wanowrie. The Pathan first demanded money, and on being refused knocked her down and took away a gold broach and ran away in the direction of East Kirkee. The Pathan is suspected to belong to one of the native regiments stationed there.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

WESTERN COMMAND.

80th Carnatic Infantry.—Major C. E. H. Connell, from half pay list, to be an Officiating Double Company Commander. Dated 8th February.

Major C. E. H. Connell, Officiating Double Company Commander, to be 2nd Double Company Commander, vice Major W. Hudson, retired. Dated 14th February.

General Sir A Hunter, K.C.B., D.S.O., Commanding Western Command, is pleased to make the following appointment on his Personal Staff:—Captain T. D. Jackson, D.S.O., 1st Battalion, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), to be Officiating Aide-de-Camp, vice Lieutenant Lord A.S. Montgomerie, on leave. Dated 9th February.

125th Napier's Rifles.—Captain W H Cazaly, I M S, to the medical charge, vice Captain R W Anthony, I M S, transferred to the Civil Department.

18th (Prince of Wales' Own) Tiwana Lancers.—Lieutenant C H Marsh, D S O, Squadron Officer to be Adjutant. Dated 22nd December 1905.

The following postings are ordered:—Honorary Lieutenant and Riding Master J F Parr, from Royal Field Artillery, Kirkee, to No. 1 Depot, Royal Field Artillery, Woolwhich. Honorary Lieutenant and Riding Master A Taylor, from Royal Field Artillery, Rawal Pindi, to Royal Field Artillery, Kirkee.

Lieutenant-Colonel J P Sparling, Supply and Transport Officer, 2nd class, on vacating his appointment under the age limit clause, is permitted to reside in India with effect from 24th February.

BOMBAY FLOWER SHOW.

A SUCCESSFUL EXHIBITION.

OPENING BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

In the pleasant Reservoir grounds yesterday afternoon His Excellency Lord Lamington opened the first flower show which has been held in Bombay for twenty years—a show which, notwithstanding that similar movements have ever been attended with success, is destined to be the first of a series of annual functions of a highly useful as well as social character. The Committee which has been responsible for the present effort was composed of Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., General Greenfield, Capt. G. A. Hewett, R. N., Mr. H. M. Phipson, Mr. W. Sheppard, Mr. Jamsetjee A. Wadia, Mr. W. Reid, Mr. Narotumdas M. Goculdas, Mr. W. S. Millard, Mr. H. V. Kemball, Mr. W. A. M. Tod, and Mr. T. W. Cuffe, to the last four being due the main credit for the very successful show held. They are the promoters of the new Horticultural Society of Bombay, and they have little to learn in the promotion of such shows as that which yesterday took Bombay Society to Malabar Hill. The judges, who performed their work to the general satisfaction, were Professor Gammie of Poona, Captain Hugh Mitchell of Nasik and Mr. G. H. Krumbiegel of the State Gardens, Baroda. The site—a very botanical garden in itself—is admirably adapted for the show except that it is rather exposed and the keen winds of yesterday played havoc with many of the exhibits. For the actual inauguration of the effort credit is due to Lady Northcote, who, had she been able to have been present, would have been delighted at the excellent collection of fruits, vegetables and plants got together. Had things been auspicious the show would have been held under her patronage four years ago, just before her husband's Governorship expired. Since then the scheme has happily matured into the present show under the enthusiastic guidance of Messrs. Kemball, Millard, Tod and Cuffe. It comprises some half a dozen tents and four shamianas, and occupies two-thirds of the Reservoir site. The object of the show is mainly to encourage the natives to take an interest in it and to learn the best means of producing the best vegetables and fruits that can be got from the soil. It is a curious point that though the native population take great interest in horses, they are almost totally lacking in any desire to improve their horticulture, hence the society has possibilities of good before it unequalled by any similar society at Home. The committee appear to think this lack of interest is due largely to the lack of a Government Botanical Garden. That disability is, however, to be shortly removed, for under the guidance of Professor Gammie such a garden is about to be formed at Bassein. The three great features of the show are the foliage plants, palms and ferns. These of course thrive in Bombay. There is also a good muster of annuals which are not so easy to rear, but the cold weather happens to be the great time for them, and they make a charming display. It is gratifying to note that the natives have supported the new Horticultural Society well, as may be seen from the list of prize winners. The display of fruit and vegetables can only be described as meagre. Mrs. Pechey Phipson showed some Italian lemons, also a group of English vegetables grown from imported seed, amongst which the parsnips were very good. Some interesting exhibits were brought down by the Mahableshwar malis, who are evidently beginning to understand that quality, not size, is the meaning of good vegetables. They have vastly improved in their vegetable products of late. Mr. Millard has a fine collection of foliage plants and Bertolonias, which are not too easy to produce, and the Byculla Club's palms and cycads are a handsome lot. The displays which most appealed to the large number of ladies present were the table decorations, and several of these were characterised by excellent taste and beauty. Mrs. Bowen's table of purple pansies displayed in vases on appropriate heliotrops was the subject of much admiration, as also was Mrs. Wagstaff's simple design of poppies and maiden hair fern and grass displayed in vases on a table mirror. Mrs. Leslie's scheme of carnations, grass and maiden hair in eight slim silver vases and a handsome centre bowl was also very effective. There was also a table display in orange coloured nasturtium. It was simple and pretty, but probably the judges thought there was a little too much of it, considering the glowing tints of the flower. Mrs. Crum's silver straw basket of flowers, which took the first prize in its class, was a striking confection, the blossoms being tied with a broad pink ribbon, and making altogether a handsome display. Mrs. Tod's sweet peas in glass vases and dainty bowls around two handsome silver lamps with pretty pink shade, the whole rendered graceful by means of maiden hair, was almost as pretty a scheme as could well be invented; and a table by Government House mali was also extensively admired.

Lord Lamington arrived about five o'clock, and from the shelter of a tastefully furnished shamiana formally opened the show. Mr. Cuffe, one of the energetic honorary secretaries, welcomed His Excellency and referred to the hope of the Committee that the show might be the precursor of many even more pretentious in their scope.

His Excellency, in reply, said:—Ladies and Gentlemen,—It is a source of surprise to me and probably to most of us to know how backward Bombay has been in the matter of flower shows. For twenty years there has not been one held here. I can only congratulate those who have done so much to revive the old custom of an annual show with such excellent signs of success. I heartily re-echo the hopes expressed by Mr. Cuffe for the success of this show, and I trust that every year will be one of increasing usefulness for the society. It is hardly necessary for me to say anything about the show or of its utility to the leisured class and to those even more particularly who have not leisure and who should be encouraged to interest themselves in the growth of flowers and plants. I am very glad to know that there are so many people here who are alive to the advantages of the show that this show at its very outset should give such promise of success, and I am glad to see such good specimens of flowers and plants by those who have sent the choicest of their treasures. With these words I thank Mr. Cuffe and declare the show open. (Applause.)

Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy on behalf of the Committee formally thanked His Excellency for his presence there that afternoon and for opening the show, and expressed his hope that Bombay's backwardness in horticulture would by this show be remedied for all time. He hoped it would become an annual institution. (Applause.)

The following is a list of the exhibits and the prize winners:—

CLASS I.

FOLIAGE PLANTS.

Foliage Plants exclusive of Palms 1 W S Millard.

Crotons	1	Nursey Khatau
	2	Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy
	1	W S Millard
Dracaenas	2	Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy
	3	Ratansi I. Thackur
Dieffenbachias	1	W S Millard
Marantas	1	Ditto
Billbergias	1	Ditto
Anthuriums	1	Ditto
	1	W S Millard
Begonias	2	Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy
	3	Mrs B M S Jamsetji
Pandanus	1	W S Millard
	1	W S Millard
Coleus	2	T W Cuffe
	3	Mrs Quicke
Alocasias	1	W S Millard
Foliage Plants other than above.	1	W S Millard
	2	Nursey Khatau
Best rare Foliage Plant or Plants.	1	W S Millard
	2	Mrs B M S Jamsetji
Special prize	3	J Counsell

CLASS II.

PALMS AND CYCADS.

Group of 24 Palms (not less than 12 varieties.)

H E the Governor's Prize.	1	Rattansee L Thackur
	2	W S Millard
	3	Col Crimmin
Group of 12 palms (6 varieties.)	1	Mulraj Khatau
Group of 9 palms (4 varieties)	1	Miss Cooper
	2	Mr T W Cuffe
Group of 6 palms (3 varieties.)	1	Mr J A Wadia
Best rare palm or palms.	1	W S Millard
	2	Rattansi L Thackur
Best palm in exhibition	1	W S Millard
	2	Rattansi L Thackur

CLASS III.

FERNS.

Group of ferns, 24 pots ([illegible] varieties)	1	A M Tod
	2	Narsey Khatau
Special prize		W S Millard
Group of 12 pots (6 var)	1	Noordin Ebrahim
6 Baskets (3 varieties)	1	Miss Cooper
	2	W S Millard
Best collection Adiantums (Maiden-hair)	1	A M Tod
	2	W S Millard
Special prize		Miss Lowndes
Golden ferns	1	Nursey Khatau
	2	Noordin Ebrahim
Davallias	1	W S Millard
Selaginella		No prize
Adiantum Farleyense	1	Mrs Quicke
	2	Noordin Ebrahim
Best Adiantum Farleyense.	1	A M Tod
Best Asplenium Nidus (Bird's Nest fern).	1	J A Wadia
	2	Mrs Bower
Rare ferns other than above.	1	W S Millard
	2	Rattansee L Thackur

CLASS IV.

ANNUALS.

Collection of following annuals 12 pots, 6 varities	1	Noordin Ebrahim
Collection of following annuals, 12 baskets.	1	W E Crum

Highly commended—Acworth Leper Asylum

Phloxes	1	N. C. Macleod
	2	W. E Crum
Carnations		No entries
Pinks	1	Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy
Pansies	1	A M Tod
	2	N C Macleod
Heliotrope	1	W E Crum
Petunias	1	Marshall Reid
	2	N C Macleod
Dwarf Nasturtiums		no entries
Climbing Nasturtiums	1	W S Millord
	2	A M Tod
Verbenas		No entries
Sweet-Peas	1	W S Millard
Asters		No entries
Mignonette		No entries
Antirrhinum	1	Marshall Reid
	2	Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy
Geraniums	1	W S Millard
	2	Mrs Frank Harrison
Ivy Geraniums	1	Mrs Frank Harrison
	2	Mrs Aston
Best collection of rare Annuals	1	F A Prevost

Extra Classes.

Chrysanthemums	1	F A Prevost
	2	H E Procter
Violets		Hurkisondas Vundravandas

CLASS V.

Bulbous and Tuberous Plants in Flower.

Cannas	2	F A Prevost
Eucharis	1	Mrs Quicke
Gloxinias	1	Mrs Aston
Hippeastrums and Amaryllis		No award.

CLASS VI.

CLIMBERS.

In Tubs or Pots.

Best climber in flower	1	W S Millard
Foliage Climber		No award.
Group of Climber in flower		W S Millard

CLASS VII.

CUT FLOWERS.

Cut Roses (12 var)		Ackworth Leper Asylum
Geraniums	1	Mrs F Harrison
	2	Mrs C Meyer
Collection of cut flowers	1	Mrs W H Quicke
		Acworth Leper Asylum
Cut Annuals (6 var)	1	Mrs Wagstaff
	2	Marshall Reid
,, ,, (4 var)	1	Mrs F Halerson
	1	Mrs Quicke
Cut Chrysanthemums	2	A M Tod
	3	D N Graham

CLASS VIII.

Bouquets and Vases of Flowers.

Basket of cut flowers arranged by a lady	1	Mrs Crum
	2	Miss Lastelle
	3	Miss Cooper
Vase of cut flowers	1	Miss Lastelle
	2	Lady Jeejeebhoy
Basket arranged by a mali	1	Not awarded
	2	Mrs Wagstaff's Mali
Vase arranged by a mali.	1	Nursey Khatau's mali

CLASS IX.

Dinner Table Decorations.

Table for 12 persons arranged by a lady	1	Mrs Crum
	2	Mrs Prevost
	3	Miss Tod

Special—Mr. Jamsetjee A Wadia.

Table arranged by a native servant	1	Government House mali
	2	Mrs A Leslie's mali
	3	Mrs Cuffe's Ayah

CLASS X.

Orchids.

3 varieties	1	W S Millard
	2	Mulraj Khatau
Best Orchid in Exhibition	1	W S Millard

CLASS XI.

PUBLIC AND OTHER GARDENS.

20 Foliage plants	1	Byculla Club
	2	Ladies' Gymkhana
20 Flowering plants	1	Govt House Gardns
	2	Ladies Gymkhana.

A Group of Economic Plants, Special Victoria Garden.

CLASS XII.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

Foliage Plants		Dorabjee Irani
		B N Mowjee
Palms	1	Sorabji Irani
	2	Sorabji Irani
Ferns	1	Ramchordas Dwarkadas
Best Bouquet	2	Bomadjee and Irani

CLASS XIII.

FRUIT DEALERS AND CULTIVATORS.

Best Collection of fruit	1	Mrs Peachey Phipson
Grapes		Special Mrs Dassoon
Raspberries	1	D R Bawlaker
	2	N R Bawlaker
	3	G R Bawlaker
Strawberries	1	Sadoo Ramji Bawlaker
	2	Piroji Rahimoo
	3	M R Bawlaker
	4	H B Dhanwade

CLASS XIV.

VEGETABLE DEALERS.

Collection of vegetables 6 varieties	1	M R Sayani
	2	M R Bawlaker
	3	S R Bawlaker
	3	G Kondoo special Mrs Phipson
Celery	1	N R Bawlaker
Potatoes	1	R K Bhilari
Cauliflowers	1	R P Rahimoo
Coizage	2	H B Dhanwade
Peas	2	P Rahimoo
	3	G R Bawlaker
Onions	1	M R Sayani
Arrowroot	1	J R Bawlaker
	2	M R Bawlaker

CLASS XV.

Best collection of Economic plant	1	W S Millard

The show will be open to-day.

HIGH COURT DECREES.

In the High Court yesterday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarker, the suit of Shridhan Gopinath against Mohanlal Radhakison and another, praying for a decree against the defendants for Rs. 5,534, with interest and costs, was disposed of. Mr. J. Tarachand, instructed by Messrs. Wadia, Gandhi and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs. The first defendant appeared in person; service of summons on the second defendant, who was at Muttra was proved. The claim was on an adjusted account, his signature to which the first defendant admitted. Decree was passed for the plaintiff for the amount claimed, with interest and costs.

Before the same Judge the suit filed by Premchand Rupeji and others against Lieutenant G. Sheringham, stationed at Indore, claiming Rs. 2,033, with interest at the rate of twenty-four per cent. per annum, on moneys advanced to the defendant on a promissory-note, was disposed of. Mr. G. R. Khairaz, instructed by Mr. N. M. Cama, appeared for the plaintiffs. On a promissory-note dated 14th March 1904, Rs. 2,000 were advanced; Rs. 950 out of them had been paid by the defendant, who now owed to the plaintiffs a balance of Rs. 2,063. Decree with interest and costs was entered for the plaintiffs.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

At the Dowdeswell Galleries.

MOZART AND HIS FATHER.

THE O. U. D. C.

LONDON, FEB. 9.

At Dowdeswell's, in Bond-street, is an exhibition of landscapes by Grosvenor Thomas, which will add to his steadily-growing repute. It was impossible to ignore the poetic vision of this artist at his last one-man show; but there was in his work a certain restlessness of handling and a tendency to get a trickiness of colouring into all he did that threatened weaknesses. The faults are not wholly gone from him even at Dowdeswell's; but he shows this year a landscape that is so big in handling, so large and broad and true, so poetic in conception, that it places him amongst the leaders. The title is vague—Landscape—and the number six-and-six—thirteen. It is the critic's sad task to wade through stacks of mediocre landscapes every month, but the labour is rewarded indeed when one comes upon so fine a thing as this. And is all the more delightful in that it holds no slightest hint of his faults. There are several other canvases here that show the artist a poet and painter, but that canvas alone is enough to establish his reputation. The upward leap of the great trees, the romance that pervades its whole atmosphere, the broadly-treated theme, and the vigorous unhesitating paint of it, all declare the poet or colour. And whether we linger over the hushed scene of "The Canal," the vibrant, glittering "The Mill" the tender Solitude, the moonlit The River, or the sombre beauty of the scene Near Chagford, we are drawn again and again to the beauty and the romance that breathe from that splendid little canvas with the sinister thirteen for its number.

Mr. John Baillie must be congratulated on his new and handsome galleries in Baker-street, and on his display of works by the old Liverpool school of painters. It was only week or two ago that we were shown a room full of the old English aquarellists that was a source of disappointment; and here, as if time would take her revenge, we are shown works by men who painted in the north, unknown to us, perhaps for the most meagre of wage, certainly without recognition. Here are landscapes by Fonge that make one ashamed to own his name is strange to us; a group of sheep by Williamson that one of the Barbizon men or Dutchmen would not have been ashamed to sign; indeed, this Williamson could paint landscape that would call for notice to-day. There is a picture of fowls, by one Huggins, which shows a man of exquisite technique; and landscapes by Dawson and Davis that could only have been painted by men who must be the makers of hundreds of pictures that are shut away in obscure places, before they could arrive at such work as is here shown. Oakes, the maker of the masterly little Bidston Marsh, seems to have won to Academic rank though to us he emerges out of the past for the first time as a significance.

At Gutekunst's in King-street, is an exhibition of etchings by Charles Jacques; and superb examples of his genius they are. What a master the man was! He composes into the narrow inches of his etched plate a design which for largeness of spacing, beauty of form, and breadth of handling would give majesty to a large painting on a large wall. It seems almost incredible that the big and dramatic piece entitled. "The Horseman" (Le Cavalier) should scarce exceed the dimensions of a good-sized envelope—the volume of the night that encompasses the horseman and his horse, lit by the carried lantern, the depth of atmosphere, and the romantic sense of the whole thing, put our ordinary academic historical canvases, with their tedious wealth of detail and their swamped sense of the dramatic, to utter insignificance. Look at the dramatic action, again, of the "Landscape with a Herd of Swine" or the "Landscape with Animals," or the mystery and beauty of "The Shepherd" (19). There is a little "Peasant Girl" (5), which reminds one forcibly of Jacque's great etching of the "Pork-Butcher," which, unfortunately, is not in this collection. But whatsoever this man's hand touched took on something of that strange quality of mastery that pervades the work of such as we term men of genius.

At the Goupil Galleries Mr. Leon Little shows a number of competent landscapes, and as the Ryder Galleries Mr. Lys Baltry puts aside the mantle of the critic and dares the criticism of the artists with a number of little landscapes which show him a better critic perhaps than a painter. The collector of modern works of art might do worse than devote his attention to what is going on at Christie's. Never, perhaps, have there been more golden opportunities of acquiring fine modern pictures and works of sculpture at exceedingly moderate prices. Bond-street is apparently afraid to back up its better judgment, and prefers to follow the firmly-established reputations of the old masters. Living artists are given a wide berth. Surely, when a splendid bronze by Pomeroy is knocked down for nine guineas, and when three large silvered relief panels—frames and all—by G. Bayes can be had for 3 1/2 guineas, as happened last week, the private collector with sound taste should find his opportunities.

One little point which has been made by the writer of the notice upon Mozart in the "Musical Times" may be quoted. It runs thus: "Mr. Mozart, the father of the celebrated young musical family, who have so justly raised the Admiration of the greatest musicians of Europe . . . . proposes before his Departure to give to the Public . . . . an Opportunity of hearing these young prodigies both in public and in private, by giving at the End of the Month a Concert, Which will chiefly be conducted by his son, a boy of eight years of age, with all the Overtures of his own composition." It is added that tickets might be had at five shillings each, "of Mr. Mozart, in Thrift street,"—did Mozart's father by any chance mistake this for Frith-street, in the same district?—"where such ladies and gentlemen who chuse to come themselves and take either tickets, or the Sonatas composed by this Boy, will find the Family at home every Day in the Week, from Twelve to two o'Clock, and have an Opportunity of putting his Talents to a more particular proof by giving him any Thing to play at Sight, or any Music without a Bass (and here the humour of the whole thing comes in which he will write upon the Spot, without returning to his Harpsichord." At all events, in conclusion, it may be said that, if Mozart was the greatest genius of the musical world, his father should rank as among the greatest stage managers of his time.

One of the most interesting publications for which the editor of the "Musical Times" is responsible is an autograph just issued in fac-simile of Mozart's God is Our Refuge, written in 1765. The whole of the manuscript was in Mozart's handwriting, and he composed it, as we are told, for the express purpose of presenting it the British Museum at the time when he visited England in his eight year. The handwriting is extraordinarily clear, though in a somewhat round and childish hand. Later in life he developed a quicker manner of writing, his script as we have before mentioned in these columns, being extraordinarily similar to that of our own English musician, Sir Arthur Sullivan. The facsimile of which we speak is headed by the simple word, Chorus, it is written in 3-2 time and is almost a repetition of the meaning and significance of one of Bach's great Fugues, the subject itself being noble in the extreme. By what means so young a child reached so great an expression of art will ever be a mystery to the world. It is an amusing point to note that the manuscript is accompanied by this small sentence: By Mr. Wolfgang Mozart, 1765. The humour which invariably attended the music of Mozart was here amply shown when, in the days of his residents in England, first at Cecil-court, and afterwards at Ebury-street, he thought it befitting to entitle himself 'Mr. Mozart."

The first of six Chamber Concerts, arranged by the Nora Clench Quartet, the members of which are Miss Clench (first violin), Miss Lucy Stone (second violin), Miss Cecilia Gates (viola), and Miss

May Mukle ('cello), was given the other night at the above hall. The concert opened with the playing of Mozart's Quartets (in B flat major), which he dedicated to the King of Prussia. There is no doubt that the work was in parts very prettily played; our one objection is that the ladies did not always play it in strict tempo, a matter upon which the interpretation of all Mozart's work, during his lifetime, that artist most emphatically insisted. One remembers his famous saying, although it was perhaps a little intolerant, of a certain player: "She will never play well, because she has no real sense of time." The Larghetto was very good up to a certain point, but suffered a little from too emphatic treatment; the same may be said of the Minuet which, however, one may add, was played in perfect tune. If this quartet would only learn that it is not necessary to strain every muscle in order to get the greatest quantity of sound possible, would, in fact, learn self-restraint, and most carefully avoid every suspicion of violence, the effects which they strive for, as artists would be much more satisfactory. Nevertheless, in Debussy's Quartet in G minor they played very charmingly indeed; the second movement, oddly enough, left them no opportunity to make any mistake in tempo, for it is marked by the composer "assez vif et bien rhythmé;" it was here, therefore, that their really charming quality came out. Perhaps if Mozart had taken the trouble to mark his Quartet as to be played "bien rhythmé" the result of their playing in his case would have been finer.

The O. U. Dramatic Club are putting on Measure for Measure at the theatre this year and however much some people may regret that it must always be Shakespeare, everyone is looking forward to what promises to be a really fine production, in spite of the fact that several leading members of the society are unable to take parts. The acting edition has been prepared by Mr. G. R. Foss, and the incidental music has been written by an undergraduate member of the Varsity, Mr. R. Cox, of St. John's While on the subject of the theatre, I may as well mention that the Carl Rosa Opera Company, which is visiting Oxford shortly is presenting Fidelio for the first time in Oxford. It is, I am told, the first time for twenty years that the company has performed Beethoven's masterpiece, and this reminds me that it is, I believe, just thirty years since "Measure for Measure" was last seen on the stage, when Miss Lilian Neilson produced it at the Haymarket.

CRICKET.

CEYLON vs. HINDU GYMKHANA.

THE match between the Ceylon eleven and our local Hindu Gymkhana ended in a draw very much in favour of the home team. It was perhaps an error in judgment for the home captain to delay declaring his innings until such a late hour, as the margin he had, 338, when he applied the closure was a preposterous amount to expect a team to make on 2 hours' play. Had he closed earlier there would have been a chance of winning as when time was called 8 wickets had fallen for 143 runs. An extra half hour would have probably won the match, at the same time leaving the home team absolutely safe from defeat in the time. There was again a very large gathering of spectators who were extremely impartial in their applause. Overnight the Hindus had scored 258 in their first innings and had disposed of 9 wickets of the Ceylon team for 160 runs. Heyzer and Raffel, the not outs, continued the innings and in the course of half an hour added another 19 runs before the latter was caught by Mehta off Baloo (177—10—28). The partnership had realised no less than 55 runs, a fine performance for the last wicket and absolutely invaluable to their side. Baloo and Shivram divided the wickets, the former taking 5 for 67 and the latter 5 for 93.

The Hindus opened their second innings with Dadarkar and Telang, and both batsmen played the game, forcing the play in order to leave a sufficient margin to declare. At 34 Dadarkar fell to Joseph for 30 (34—1—20). Shivram and Telang continued to score rapidly and in spite of changes in the bowling runs came in quiet succession, until a 70 Joseph bowled Shivram for 12 (70—2—12). Mehta and Telang continued the good work and the century was soon signalled, and then Telang who had made 52 was bowled by Joseph In his score were a 6 and nine 4's (103—3—52). Date and Mehta carried on the same game, treating all bowling alike, although the latter gave two chances which were not accepted. At 159 Date was caught by Perera off Raffel for a well played 28 (159—4—28. Agaskar and Mehta kept their wickets up for the few minutes before lunch and when the bell rang the score was 164 or 245 runs on. On resuming Agaskar was run out by a smart piece of fielding for 5 (176—5—5) and at this stage it would have been a wise act to declare, but D. Telang was sent in to join Mehta and the score raised to 193 for 6. The next wicket fell at 207 and then Divekar and Bhatwadekar were associated and added an additional and quite unnecessary 50 runs, which 50 lost the Hindus the chance of winning. The innings was then declared at 257 for 7 wickets, Divekar not out 25 and Bhatwadekar not out 28. Joseph took 4 wickets for 99 runs and Raffel 2 for 49.

The start of the visitors was disastrous, Rozario getting such a smash on the hand that he had to retire hurt (2—1—0). Heyzer and Weerasooriya did not remain together long and Baloo was almost unplayable. The third wicket fell at 24 and the fourth at 39 and then a great blow fell, for De Saram of whom much was expected, failed to stop one from Baloo, and 5 wickets were down for 39. Joseph and Pollocks then came together and playing very steady cricket put a different aspect on the game. Neither batsman took liberties, but at the same time punished any loose ball, and the partnership which lasted 97 minutes added 91 runs to the total before Joseph was stumped by Divekar off Baloo for a brilliant 62.(13)—6—62). Dr. Raffel joined Pollocks and it seemed as if they would play out time, but in the last over the latter was very smartly caught at cover by Khote for a most useful 54 and the bell sounding left the match a draw, the visitors having scored 143 for 7 wickets, or with only 3 wickets to fall being 195 runs behind. Baloo took all the wickets,

HINDU GYMKHANA.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Mr P V Agaskar, not out	39	run out	5	
Mr P K Telang, b De Saram	8	b Joseph	52	
Mr P Shivram, c Perera, b Joseph	28	b Joseph	12	
Mr N S Mehta, l-b-w, b Joseph	0	b Joseph	23	
Mr G V Mehta, l-b-w, b Weerasooriya	19	b Joseph	51	
Mr K A Date, c Heyzer, b Joseph	13	c Perera, b Raffel	28	
Mr S K Divekar, b Joseph	5	not out	25	
Mr P Baloo, c Heyzer, b Weerasooriya	4	did not bat		
Mr D Telang, c Perera, b Joseph	49	b Raffel	27	
Mr S E Khote, l-b-w, b Joseph	19	did not bat		
Mr G H Bhatwadekar, run out	5	not out	28	
	Extras	21	Extras	10
	Total	253	To all for 7 wkts.	257

BOWLING ANALYSES.

HINDOO

	1st Innings				2nd Innings			
	O	M	R	W	O	M	R	W
Mr De Saram	12	1	49	1	5	1	23	0
Mr Joseph	29	5	107	5	19	0	99	4
Mr Weerasuriya	5	0	23	2	4	0	21	0
Mr Amath	7	0	18	0	2	0	14	5
Mr Gunasekere	15	2	35	0	0	0	0	0
Mr Perera	0	0	0	0	20	9	42	0
Mr Amath	0	0	0	0	11	0	40	2

CEYLON.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Mr A C Amath, b Baloo	0	did not bat		
Mr A T Pollocks, l-b-w, b Shivram	12	c Khote b Baloo	51	
Mr J S Weinman, b Baloo	0	did not bat		
Mr D L De Saram b Shivram	7	b Baloo	0	
Mr E Weerasuriya, st Divekar, b Shivram	15	b Baloo	3	
Mr C E Perera, Shivram	46	b Baloo	9	
Mr D Joseph, b Baloo	15	st Divekar b Baloo	62	
Mr W D Rozario, b Baloo	29	retired hurt		
Mr D B Gunaskere, c Divaker, b Shivram	0	did not bat		
Mr J Heyzer, not out	27	b Baloo	9	
Dr A Raffel, c Mehta, b Baloo,	28	not out	2	
Extras	0	Extras	4	
Tot l	177	Total for 7 wkts.	143	

BOWLING ANALYSES

CEYLON

	1st Innings				2nd Innings			
	O	M	R	W	O	M	R	W
Mr Baloo	39·2	8	67	5	21	10	43	6
Mr Shivram	23	5	93	5	7	1	18	0
Mr Bhatvadekar	3	0	12	0	0	0	0	0
Mr De	1	0	5	0	5	0	11	0
Mr Mehta	0	0	0	0	3	0	16	0
Mr Dadarkar	0	0	0	0	5	0	14	0

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

SATURDAY, the 24th inst., brought a stiff breeze for the opening races of the Regatta. Comparisons are said to be odious—but it is only natural to look back to last season's Regatta programme, where we find 'Foulla,' 'Godwit,' 'Stella' and 'Isca,' all to the fore in the big class; while this season we miss them from the racing list. 'Foulla' has been modernized out of recognition, flying the Commodore's flag now as a power boat. 'Godwit' lies on the mud at Tank Bunder, rendering up her life in the berth of the Commodore's new schooner 'Enterprise, now taking shape on the stocks. 'Stella' has not been commissioned this occasion, her owner having left Bombay, while the 'Isca' with years of service yet in her is still laid up awaiting a buyer.

However, yachting in Bombay is by no means dead and although the larger class yachts are small in numbers, the small ones are all in commission.

The first race of the day being the second race for the Challenge Cup, brought out three entries, 'Sapphire,' 'Turquoise' and 'Melody.' This race, of which we give details below, resulted in a win for 'Sapphire.'

The next race was for yachts not on the list of the R. B. Y. C., for which there were but two starters, 'Jean' and 'Estella.' Neither boat finished the course, the weather proving too boisterous, and while the 'Jean' made for shelter at Colaba, the Estella ran away before the wind to the Karanja side of the harbour. Some anxiety was felt for her safety, and tugs and launches and searchlights were hard at work to find her. Eventually she returned next morning to her moorings with her crew safe, to the relief of all. The kindness shown by the Naval, Customs and Police authorities and also private shipping companies in their efforts to render assistance is but another proof of the brotherhood of the sea.

The third race was an amalgamation of "B" and Tomtit classes and showed the record entry of 13, all of which came up to the starting line. The race was for a cup presented by Mr.C. H. Byrne and the entry list must have been pleasing to that keen yachtsman who has so frequently borne away the palm in the Tomtit class.

The race was won by 'Janetta,' with Coralie second and Lapwing third. Details are given below.

It was disappointing that there were no entries for the ships' boat race, but it is to be hoped that this will be remedied on Saturday next, for which date a race is advertised for man-o'-war and bona-fide ships' boats, service rig, with PH 30, PH 20, and PH 10 prizes.

By the courtesy of Mr. Frank Ritchie, the P and O launch Gaicowar was placed at the disposal of the Sailing Committee to take members of the Club with their friends to view the races. The same launch has also been kindly placed at the disposal of the Committee for Saturday next, and the counter-attraction of Mahaluxmi having now ceased should be well patronized.

SECOND CHALLENGE CUP RACE.

The three yachts got away to a good start and from the first it was evident it was not Melody's day. Sapphire closely followed by Turquoise were both some way ahead of Melody at N. Karanja, which order was maintained to S. Karanja. It was a close reach to the committee vessel, on which Turquoise lost some ground through taking a bad course. Melody was now a long way behind and gave up. During the second round the wind increased very much and blew as hard as it has ever been known to at this season of the year. Turquoise did a Cape Cod jibe at S. Karanja and on the reach to N. Karanja almost caught Sapphire. It was now a close fetch home. Just as Sapphire got her gun, Turquoise about a hundred yards behind broke her tiller but was manœuvered over the line by manipulating her sails, several minutes behind when she should have crossed. Sapphire's win in the race makes her the winner of the Challenge Cup for the current year, on which event we congratulate her sporting owner.

Second Challenge Cup Race—Sailed at 2-15 p m.

Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival. H M S	Correct-ed Time. H M S
Sapphire	5 50	Capt Muter, R E, or R H H Hopkins	3 15 0	6 10 55	2 50 5
Turquoise	Scr	Mr F J Preston	3 15 0	6 25 52	3 11 52
Melody	10 40	Mr J B K Macbeth	3 15 0	did not finish,	

Time limit 7 p m Course No 13 = 17½ miles Wind N W by W Strength Fresh 1st Prize won by Sapphire.

Handicap Race for Yachts not on the list of the R B Y C—Sailed at 3-30 p m

Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival. H M S	Correct-ed Time. H M S
Eileen IV	Scr	Mr N N Wadia	3 30 0	did not start	
Estella	87 30	Mr R Carruthers	3 30 0	did not finish	
Jean	91 0	Mr A C H MacLean	3 30 0	did not finish	

Time limit 7 p m Course No 7+2 = 12·5 miles Wind N W by W, Strength Fresh

The amalgamated race for "B" class Yachts and Tomtits for a Cup presented by Mr. C. H. Byrne brought out the gratifying entry of thirteen, every boat in the two classes coming up to the scratch. This is a record which we would like to see more frequently. Considering the number of boats competing and the fresh breeze blowing, the start was a fair one. The boats soon divided into two groups, "B" class and Coralie taking a leeward course, while the other six Tomtits held up to windward. Luffing matches between Meg and Clutha and Lapwing and Tomtit resulted in Tomtit getting a lead among the windward group and she was first of the class round N. Karanja, close behind the Pixie group and Sayonara, and ahead of Mannikin who had been delayed by her balloon jib carrying away. On the beat to the schooner, Janetta, who was first round the mark finishing the stiff breeze much to her taste, established a strong lead which she successfully retained to the finish. Shortly after N. Karanja Buoy, Tomtit's jib class carried away and by the time repairs were expected Mannikin, Lapwing and Meg had got well ahead of her, and Clutha and Coralie had drawn level. Lapwing, well sailed, kept her lead over the smaller boats and was the first of them to cross the finishing line. There was no further change in the order and a hard sailed race finished as follows:—

"B" Class and Tomtit Class Amalgamated Handicap Race for a cup presented by C H Byrne, Esq—Sailed at 3-15 p m

Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival. H M S	Correct-ed Time. H M S
Pixie	2 48	Mr H R Greaves	3 45 0	5 42 15	1 54 57
Trixie	2 48	Mr R G Monteath	3 45 0	5 43 25	1 55 37
Erin	2 48	Mr R H Ireland	3 45 0	5 39 52	1 52 4
Janetta	Scr	Officers R E	3 45 0	5 27 42	1 42 42
Sayonara	1 55	Capt Crosse Mr C G Nomico	3 45 0	5 50 29	2 0 31
Tomtit	15 24	Dr F J Wilson	3 45 0	5 52 14	1 51 50
Meg	14 0	Mr J S Waldlaw Milne	3 45 0	5 51 17	1 52 17
Maud	22 21	Mr J E Needham	3 45 0	5 58 41	1 51 20
Lapwing	16 48	Capt Goodo, Capt R S J Gillespie RE	3 45 0	5 49 4	1 47 16
Clutha	18 55	Mr J J Welch	3 45 0	5 53 51	1 49 55
Midget	21 43	Officers R A	3 45 0	Did not finish	
Coralie	23 48	Mr A C Richards	3 45 0	5 55 30	1 46 42

Time limit 7 p m Course N 14 + 2 twice round = 8·2 miles Wind N W by W Strength Fresh 1st prize won by Janetta, 2nd prize won by Coralie, and 3rd prize won by Lapwing.

SECOND DAY.

The following races were sailed in a very breeze from W. N. W.

His Excellency Lord Curzon's Challenge Cup Race.

There were three entries but unfortunately Turquoise which had carried away her rudder head, while racing on Saturday was not repaired in time to start.

Melody and Sapphire crossed the line but the former did not sail the course leaving Sapphire to sail over, under the circumstances she was stopped on first. The wind being the strongest that Bombay Yachts have ever raced in.

H E Lord Curzon Challenge Cup Race—Sailed at 3-3 p m.

Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival H M S
Sapphire	5 50	Capt R E Muter, R E, Mr R H H Hopkins	3 0 0	4 43 17
Melody	10 49	Mr J B K Macbeth	3 0 0	Give up
Turquoise	Scr	Mr F J Preston	3 0 0	Did not start

Course No 13—17·6 miles, Wind N N W, Strength very fresh—Time-limit 7-15 p m.

Handicap Race for Yachts—Sailed at time in hand

Names of Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival H M S	Correct-ed Time H M S
Eileen IV	Scr	Mr N N Wadia	3 30 0	6 8 22	2 18 22
Pixie	50 0	Mr H R Greaves	3 0 0	5 49 10	1 59 10
Janetta	45 0	Officers R E	3 5 0	5 42 0	1 52 0
Yellow Peril	10 0	Capt Lewellin	2 40 0	5 55 44	2 5 44
Estella	75 20	Mr B Carruthers	2 35 0	Did not start	
Mannikin	4 12	Officers R A	3 55 0	6 8 6	2 18 6

Course No Special Course 16·4 miles—1st Prize won by Janetta, 2nd Prize won by Pixie and 3rd Prize won by Yellow Peril, Wind N N W Strength Very Fresh, Time-limit—7-15 p.m.

In the Yachts Handicap Race there even 5 starters Eileen IV 'Pixie' Janetta Yellow Peril Mannikin. The race was started with time in hand all the yacht starting down. Rounding Elephanta the Pixie overhauled Mannikin being herself afterwards overhauled by Janetta. The B A H S busy was rounded in the following order. Yellow Peril Janetta Pixie Mannikin Eileen IV. On the mar to the W N W channel buoy Pixie overhauled Yellow Peril and the yacht finished in the following order. Jannetta, Pixie, Yellow Peril, Mannikin Eileen.

The Tomtit class and Handicap Race brought out an Entry of four boats only, Coralie, Maud, and Meg being unavoidably absent. In the hard weather conditions that prevailed, it was a question for reefing, and all the boats started with one or more reefs down. Lapwing made the best start and taking an leward, berth secured a lead. Clutha and Tomtit were close together to windward with Midget a little behind. It was a reach and run to N Karanja which was rounded first by Lapwing with Tomtit close behind, It was a close haul to Butcher Beacon, and on this leg Clutha did well relatively to Lapwing, but Midget being over reefed dropped behind. Tomtit took a course more to windward than the others, and scored by getting a slacker Ebb under the lee of Butcher Island. On the beat to Red Channel. Tomtit improved her lead, Lapwing and Clutha maintaining their relative positions. On this Midget who had shaken out her reef, got into difficulties owing to some of her running rigging fouling and capsized. Owing to the kindly foresight of Capt. Gillespie R,E. Any serious consequences from this mishap were avoided. The Submarine Cutter Ewin, in charge of Mr. Needham had been deputed by Capt. Gellespie to follow the small boats round, and was in they immediate neighbourhood. She bore down in the capsized yacht, and rescued the crew from an uncomfortable position, though they had succeeded in righting their craft. It was a reach to the Red Channel Buoy W. N. W. of Buchher Island, and at this stage Clutha gave up, though she was well within her handicap from Lapwing. It was a dead run with booms to port to Tucker Beacon, followed by a beat into the Schooner. Tomtit slightly improved her lead, crossing the line 8 min. 55 secs. ahead of Lapwing, and securing the class prize. Lapwing took the first handicap prize,

Tomtit Class and Handicap Race for Boats of the Tomtit Class—Sailed at 3-30 p m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allows. M S	Entered by	Start at H M S	Time of Arrival H M S	Correct-ed Time H M S
Tomtit	4 0	Dr F M Gibson	3 30 0	6 16 32	2 22 32
Meg	Scr	Mr C H Byrne	3 30 0	Did not start	
Lapwing	4 0	Capt Goodo, Capt R S J Gillespie RE	3 30 0	3 25 39	2 31 70
Midget	13 30	Officers R A	3 30 0	Did not finish	
Clutha	8 25	Mr J J Welch	3 30 0	Did not finish	

Course No 10 (reversed)—12·5 miles—1st Prize won by Tomtit and 2nd Prize won by Lapwing, Wind N N W Strength Very Fresh. Time-limit—7-15 p m,

ALLEGED UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF AMMUNITION.

REVERSAL OF CONVICTION AND SENTENCE.

SIR LAWRENCE JENKINS, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston, sitting on the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, have disposed of an application for revision in a case against Jamsherkha walad Sojatkha, who was convicted by Mr. G. P. Thakar, first class Magistrate at Dhulia, of unlawful possession of ammunition and was fined Rs. 25, or in default simple imprisonment for five days. Mr. R. R. Desai appeared for the accused; there was no appearance on behalf of the Crown.

The accused was charged with unlawful possession of ammunition under section 19 of the Arms Act, of 1878 in that he had under his control five tolas of English gunpowder without a license. It appeared that on the 10th May last the police searched his house on suspicion in connection with some theft case, and in the search the powder was found placed on a wooden shelf in a room usually used by him, for keeping his bedding and other kit. The accused admitted that in the search made by the police the powder was found in his room. The defence was that it must have been placed there by the hand of some person maliciously disposed towards the accused without his knowledge. He tried to show that the whole village community of Mahomedans and the two police officers were all against him; and the case had been concocted by them in order to bring him into trouble somehow. The Magistrate convicted the accused and fined him Rs 25.

The Chief Justice, in giving judgment, said: Looking into all the circumstances of the case we are of opinion that no sufficient case is made to support the case. Had it been necessary to go into that point, we should not have been disposed to uphold the conviction even on the merits. We accordingly set aside the conviction and sentence and direct the fine, if paid, to be refunded.

THE PIUS X FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of Saturday last "An Enquirer" enquires what has become of the movement to establish an ecumenical fund to be called 'Pius X. Fund" and to whom donations or subscriptions should be forwarded if the fund exists. From inquiries it appears that the proposal has not yet become an accomplished fact; it would be interesting to learn, seeing that nothing is being heard about it, whether the proposal has already been altogether abandoned, which would be a misfortune, unless it be that the Bishop wishes to supply the need otherwise say, by obtaining the requisite pecuniary help direct from the Royal Patron and securing the services of Religious Orders or teachers locally from Europe or America.—Yours, &c.

HIS LORDSHIP'S JURISDICTIONIST.

WATER IN MALWANI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I may be allowed to draw the attention of the local authorities to the distress caused to the people of Malwani and of adjacent villages by the want of water both to the inhabitants of the villages and cattle. Petitions have been addressed to the President of the Taluka Local Board of Silsette, but no steps have yet been taken to meet the crying want. The Malwani tank has already run dry. Under these circumstances I hope the District Collector of Thana will issue immediate orders with a view to having the need supplied without loss of time for which act of kindness the sufferers will be ever grateful. If he wishes to have a clear idea of the sufferings of the people he has only to pay a visit to the localities concerned and to see for himself the condition of the tank in question.—Yours, &c.

A RESIDENT.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. YARRA.

List of passengers expected to arrive here from Marseilles per Messageries Maritimes Co.'s steamer "Yarra" to-morrow at about 2 p.m.:—

From Marseilles—Mr Bass, Mr Booth, Rev & Mrs A C Cap, Mrs Dunsell, Mr Dickson, Mr Dwarkadass Mr L Hurbar, Mr & Mrs Litha, Mrs & Miss McCarthy, Mrs Mitchell, Mr C Morgn, Mr A Nichols, Major W J Otley, Major C E Thornton and Mr Thomas Wright.

For Yokohama—Mr Barry.

For Singapore—Mr H Mackenzie.

For Fremantle—Mr Kibon and Mr Cotte.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE BARODA MAHARAJA MILLS.

ON Monday His Highness Prince Fatehsingh Gaekwar laid the foundation stone of the Maharaja Mills at Baroda. Addressing those assembled he said:

Gentlemen,—To be asked to preside at a function of this kind is both an honour and a pleasure to me, and my only regret is that H. H. the Maharaja Saheb does not happen to be at Baroda when an undertaking so full of promise is to be started.

You all know of the mill was opened by His Highness some years ago, but the object of that undertaking was not the same as is usually the object of such undertakings, namely, private gain. As a rule the Government undertakings of this nature do not succeed because they lack the keenness of self-interest on the part of workers, and knowing this well, His Highness only started that mill with a view to familiarize the people of Baroda with European industries and to teach them how to achieve results which have given to Europe and America and are now giving to Japan, their great wealth and status. Having in a fair way succeeded in this attempt, our Government has transferred the mill into private hands, and I learn with pleasure that the purchasers have no reason to regret the purchase. With such results to inspire confidence another mill is being built by Mr. Samal Bechar and now this is the third mill which will be working at Baroda. So that the result of H. H. the Maharaja Saheb's efforts will in a short time give to Baroda three mills with a capital of nearly 20 lakhs and more than 700 looms and 40,000 spindles will be working in this City alone. As this is only a beginning I hope the significance of these efforts will not be lost in a comparison of Baroda with its next door neighbour Ahmedabad. This, gentleman, is an aspect of Swadeshism which I am sure none will cavil at and to my mind far more practical, sensible, and beneficial than the waste of much valuable sentiment and energy.

In trade matters two things are necessary on the part of the people, confidence in themselves and confidence in others. Without the first no great effort will be made, and without the second none will succeed. I hope we in Baroda are fast acquiring both of these indispensable basis of industry. But there is a third factor also and it concerns me as the son of the Ruler of Baroda most nearly. That is, confidence in the Government. I am afraid we in India ask for everything from the Government, forgetting that after all Government is only a combination of individual officers from among ourselves, and in a Native State a single Ruler, who is also one of the people, though raised above them. No Government can give to the would-be captains of industry all that they want, or that they think they want. But what they have a right to expect and what it is the duty of Governments to give them is a body of wise laws, administered wisely and well. No trade can flourish without security, and it is not only the security offered by clearly and well-framed laws, but also and mainly by the spirit of helpfulness with which they are administered. Under officers of such experience and attainments as we have in Baroda, I hope the mills will have all the security they want, otherwise it will be a standing reproach to us that, in spite of numerous local advantages, and a good deal of pride which we feel in our officers, we cannot secure for our industries even half the capital and energy of Ahmedabad. Before concluding my remarks I would like to say that in Mr. Dutt my father has secured for the State an officer who combines with the experience of age, all the freshness and energy of youth, and that it is mainly due to his initiative that the people are following up the lead of H.H. the Maharaja Saheb in trade matters. Gentlemen, I thank you heartily for the honour you have done me and wish you all success.

SAILANA NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SAILANA, FEB 22.

The weather has been fearfully cold and chilly. Last evening there was a strong gale followed by showers of rain measuring 60 cents this morning. This rain has again damaged the opium crops and the wheat as well to some extent. The temperature this morning is 62 degrees Fahr.

His Highness Sir Jaswantsinjee Bahadur the Raja Saheb, is to go to Indore camp about the 5th of March next, to attend the Daly College Committee meeting to be held under the presidency of the Honourable Major Daly, C.S.I., the Agent to the Governor General in Central India. His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur of Jaora is to receive the full powers of the State on the 15th March next through the Honourable the A.G.G. in Central India. It is understood that the plague has appeared in the city of Indore and people are leaving for encamping in the open places. Ratlam is quite free from plague for the present and so is Jaora.

TORTURE AND HUMILIATION

For Fifteen Years Face and Body Mass of Itching Sores—Could Not Express Suffering—Doctors Did No Good.

CURED BY CUTICURA WHEN HOPE HAD GONE

"My head was one mass of scabs, my forehead was covered down almost to my eyebrows, and I had to wear my hat all the time. My body was covered with spots in size from a pinhead to as large as a silver dollar. A white, crusty scab would form and itch, and words cannot express the torture and humiliation I suffered for fifteen years. I tried many doctors, and all kinds of treatments, but could get no help, and I thought there was no hope for me. A friend told me to get Cuticura. I did, and in three days my head was as clear as ever. I applied Cuticura Ointment night and morning, also taking a hot bath with Cuticura Soap three times a week, and using the Ointment freely after the bath. After using one cake of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely cured, without mark or blemish. I was so pleased I felt like running down the street to tell every one I met what Cuticura had done for me. If any one is in doubt about this they may write to me. (signed) H. B. Franklin, 717 Washington St., Allegheny, Pa."

COMPLETE TREATMENT

For Every Humour from Pimples to Eczema

Complete external and internal treatment for every humour, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, may now be had of all chemists. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, when physicians and all else have failed.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U. S. A., Sole Props.

Mailed Free, "Skin and Blood Purification."

The first essential for the preservation of the teeth is to keep them clean.

CALVERT'S Carbolic Tooth Powder

makes the use of your toothbrush so much more complete and satisfactory, because it perfects the cleansing, and also supplies the necessary antiseptic properties.

It is thoroughly pleasant to use, too, and leaves a clean refreshing taste in the mouth.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, Eng.

Calvert's Prickly-heat Soap is delightful for bath and toilet use, and being antiseptic, alleviates the annoyance of prickly-heat or other skin irritation.

FOR COUGHS & COLDS USE

LINSEED COMPOUND

TRADE MARK OF KAYS COMPOUND ESSENCE OF LINSEED AMISEED ETC OF 35 YEARS PROVEN EFFICACY

"LINSEED COMPOUND" is a reliable old English home remedy. It softens hard phlegm, permitting it to be expectorated without strain, soothing the membranes and allaying the irritation so commonly experienced. There is nothing to equal it. Of all Chemists throughout the Empire. Strongly recommended by Medical Men.

MEN! LET ME APPEAL TO YOU.

NO MAN should be weak; no man should suffer the loss of that vital element which renders life worth living. No man should allow himself to become less a man than Nature intended him; no man should suffer when there is here at hand a certain cure for his weakness, a check to his waste of power. Most of the pains, most of the weakness of the stomach, heart, brain and nerves, from which men suffer, are due to an early loss of Nature's reserve power through mistakes. You need not suffer from this, you can be restored. The very element which you have lost you can get back, and you may be as happy as any man that lives.

Cook's Electric Body Battery,

worn while you sleep, pumps a constant soothing current of Electricity into your body for hours at a time. No burning or blistering of the skin, because the metal discs are covered with the proper electrodes, and the current is properly under control by means of the regulator attachment, which permits any desired strength being used. It has cured others and will cure you of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sciatica, Anæmia, and Lassitude, and will absolutely dispel that tired feeling you have when you get up in the morning. Electricity alone is the proper remedy for these and all organic or functional weaknesses arising from improper circulation and unnecessary waste of energy, it absolutely restores vigour. If you are ailing in any way and interested in this grand remedy, call on me and I will explain it to you. My specialist will give you a free test of the appliance. Advice and counsel is absolutely free. If you cannot call send for my book. It tells how my Body Battery is used and gives cuts illustrating the method. It will inspire you to be bigger stronger, younger (if you are old) and more manly than you ever felt. Write to-day. It is sent post free.

C. G. COOK'S ELECTRIC BODY BATTERY OR C. G. COOK.
28, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

B 22752, Necklet with pendant set with Emeralds, Ruby and pearl, Rs. 110.

B 45783, Expanding bracelet with patent clasp. Set pearls and rubies, Rs. 250.

B 38652, Enamelled brooch, set pearls, Rs. 32.

B 45395, Set diamonds, rubies and pearl, Rs. 220.

B 23547, Bracelet set with opal and pearls, Rs. 46.

B 42396, 15ct. gold, pearl and turquoise safety pin, Rs. 10-8.

B 37890, 15 ct. gold, twisted wire brooch, Rs. 10.

B 39361, Bracelet set with turquoise matrix and baroque pearls, Rs. 90.

B 21046, Bracelet set with 3 rubies, Rs. 50.

B 32675, opal safety pin, Rs. 5.

B 32765, Pearl safety pin, Rs. 6-8.

B 26017, Bracelet, set pearls, Rs. 40.

44757, Twin safety pins, set turquoises, Rs. 12.

15carat gold safety pins, Rs. 4 to 21.

B 34892, 18 gold, Rs. 7-1

B 35491, Rs. 22.

B 37144, Solid gold charm, Rs. 17.

B 44194. Turquoise matrix mounted in 15ct. gold, Rs. 31.

B 45936, Gold platinum and diamond pin, Rs. 45.

46258, Brooch, 18carat gold Rs. 20.

15carat gold, Rs. 18.

B 22340, scarf pin set pearls, Rs. 17.

B 35479, gold links, Rs. 23.

B 36314, Links set rubies and diamonds, Rs. 48.

B 20994, Enamelled charm, with diamond, Rs. 17

WEST END WATCH COMPANY,
IMPORTERS OF 18CARAT GOLD JEWELLERY.
11, HORNBY ROAD. OPPOSITE THE GENERAL POST OFFICE BOMBAY.

NAVAL AND MILITARY NOTES.

Our confidence in the continuity of military policy is sadly shaken by what has recently occurred. The Home Service Army was undoubtedly an essential part of the Army scheme of the late Secretary for War, and we presume of the Army Council. It was accurately described by Lord Donoughmore as the great reserve-making machine, but it has now been definitely decided—and we think wisely—not to alter the present organisation of the infantry battalions, even though the Reserve be endangered. Enlistment is to be for nine years with the colours and three years in the Reserve. Moreover, the depots are to remain as at present, and are to furnish drafts for the battalions serving abroad, except where there may be a unit of the same regiment at home not belonging to the Aldershot Army Corps. No calculations that we are able to make satisfies us that the foreign drafts will be secured by the arrangement that is proposed. Indeed, it is confessed that special inducements will have to be offered to soldiers, so that they may continue to serve abroad, although apparently counties are not to be offered. All there arrangements must necessarily be merely provisional, and we suppose Mr. Haldane is engaged in thinking about the matter. He has, however advisers who have been thinking about it long enough, and some decision must soon be arrived at as to what shall be done The time has arrived for action.

There are unfortunate indications that a desire restrict expenditure in some essential directions is at the root of the decision not to make the changes that were contemplated. Everything leads us to believe that the Army Council did really believe in the new scheme for the cavalry, but, as we pointeed out last week, barracks would have to be built. Now we learn that the depot scheme is not to be proceeded with at present, and the cavalry are to depend upon the arrangements now existing for supply and upkeep. In other words, the whole cavalry scheme would appear to have been thrown to the winds, which is not at all promising. As to the Royal Engineers, proposals in regard to that Corps are also hung up, and for the present, at any rate, nothing will happen, although we believe the plan has not yet been definitely abandoned. Yet it will surprise everyone if the proposal is again raised to remove the headquarters to Tidworth. In short, wherever we look, we find that the break has been applied, and that things good and bad are being allowed to remain pretty much as they were. It seems pertinent to ask what the Army Council has to say to this matters. If, for example, the new cavalry scheme was of vital importance last year, why is it not important enough to push forward now? If there was any valid reason—which we do not for a moment believe—for removing the Royal Engineers from Ghatham, why are they allowed to remain there. One great object in instituting the Army Council was to prevent such extraordinary dislocations in our military affairs.

Mr. Haldane has recently been making some remarks, as Lord Rector of Edinburgh University, which had an academic flavour, as was proper to the atmosphere at Edinburgh in which he uttered them. He was telling his hearers, in relation to other matters, that the nation is lacking in ideas which science alone could give us, and consequently we were lacking in orgieation. We want knowledge, we want the expert, and we want the spirit of science. The Secretary of State thinks that the Universities may be able to give greater help to the Army. They may give us more officers of the thinking sort, such as we get in the Royal Engineers and the Royal Artillery, though we may observe that few of the officers of these branches are alumni of the Universities. Mr. Haldane hopes that the University men will play a distinguished part in the future in obtaining for the Army that which he regards as essential for the making of an efficient Army—a supply of scientifically-minded officers and soldiers. We do certainly need thinking soldiers but we also need soldiers who can act, and we are not sure that these are particularly likely to issue from the Universities. Mr. Haldane himself recognises that we need splendid fighting quality in the field, quickness of eye and other essentials, but behind them and with them, he says, we need a knowledge that can only come of hard and patient discipline of the spirit. These are general ideas which will not go far towards solving a practical problem fraught with many difficulties. What is pre-eminently required is that confidence should be given to the officer, so that the uncertainty which has surrounded his career may no longer cloud his prospects. A solution has to be found for the difficulty that arises on the one hand from the dearth of officers, and on the other for the difficulty that ensues from the clashing of regimental promotion by seniority with promotion by selection.

A writer in the United Service Magazine makes some proposals for the officering of cavalry regiments. Like Mr. Haldane he contends that we require a more "brainy" class of officers than we now possess, and there is reason in his remark that the nomination system is not likely to produce them, while for nominated officers the promotion examination is likely to prove an insuperable obstacle, since they will not have had the advantage of going through the Sandhurst course. Money is at the root of the proposals put forward, for the Treasury will not face the fact that if the nation wants a good article, or even an article of which the supply is limited, it must pay for it. The standard has been deliberately lowered, and the idea of the writer we refer to is to raise, it by making the cavalry into a corps d'elite, to belong to which would be a guarantee of intellectual and physical fitness, and not of wealth. The presence of moneyed officers either too lazy or too stupid to rise in their profession makes the cavalry expensive, and it is contended that if the standard were raised the rich and lazy would disappear, and the expensive life in the cavalry would be reduced. The idea is to bring in a new class of officers, much better paid—the additional sums ranging from £41 in the case of a second lieutenant to £147 in that of a lieutenant-colonel. These better-said and better-qualified officers would be admitted progressively, and thus there would be two classes of officers for a considerable time, which may seem to many an insuperable objection. It is further suggested that cavalry officers might be selected from the infantry. but we suppose the infantry would not care to lose its best officers, nor perhaps again to receive officers who became unsuited to cavalry work in later life. The scheme, however deserves consideration, and we are glad to draw attention to it.

There are some people in Japan who are, or affect to be, concerned at the present state of the British Army. No one can deny that they have a right to be so, though some persons were surprised at the form in which their concern has manifested itself. The Opposition in the Die is apparently confined to question the military value of the alliance to the Japanese. In an offensive and defensive alliance, they say, both sides should be well prepared to bear the joint burden and they are alarmed at our state of apparent disarray. Mr. Oishi, leader of the Progressives, has asked General Terauchi, Minister of War, to urge the British Government to reform its Army organisation and, if the telegraphed report is correct, he has promised at some future date to do so. Thus we may soon catch the contagion of a new idea, and we can imagine the feelings of some members of the present Government when called upon, in the name of international engagements, to pursue a policy which they will describe as "militarism." Under Article 7 of the Agreement the conditions and means of armed assistance rendered by one Power to the other are to be arranged by the naval and military authorities of the contracting parties. Mr. Oishi expresses no concern as to the Navy, but the British Army is not to his mind. Will General Terauchi proceed by the methods of gentle spiriting or will he make forcible remonstrance? The practical value of the alliance to Japan is that it gives her the British Navy as sword and buckler against all aggression from Europe; but if General Terauchi can stiffen the back of the Army Council, or nerve the Secretary of State to wring from the Government and the Treasury the means to create the Army we really require, we shall have cause to thank him heartily and shall gain a fresh advantage from the alliance.

We warmly congratulate the National Rifle Association upon the success which attended its work last year. Financially the position is very satisfactory, the surplus now standing at £37,803 19s. 3d. His Majesty was present at the climax of last year's meeting and he has now through Lord Cheylesmore expressed the opinion that Bisley is admirably adapted in every way to the requirements of a great rifle meeting, while all the arrangements connected with it were excellently conceived and carried out. Bisley is now a confirmed success, and was used last year for the meetings of the Army Rifle Association, the Royal Marine Association, the London District Association, and by many battalions for their musketry courses, and on a large scale for musketry practice. Some improvements have been introduced, and there is a much wider appreciation of the advantages. The National Rifle Association is taking a prominent part in encouraging and developing the practice of marksmanship throughout the country, and now 619 rifle clubs, full range and miniature, are affiliated to it. The policy of the National Rifle Association has sometimes been criticised, but it has stood the test of time, and has now won the approval of the King.

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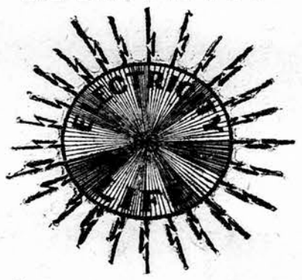

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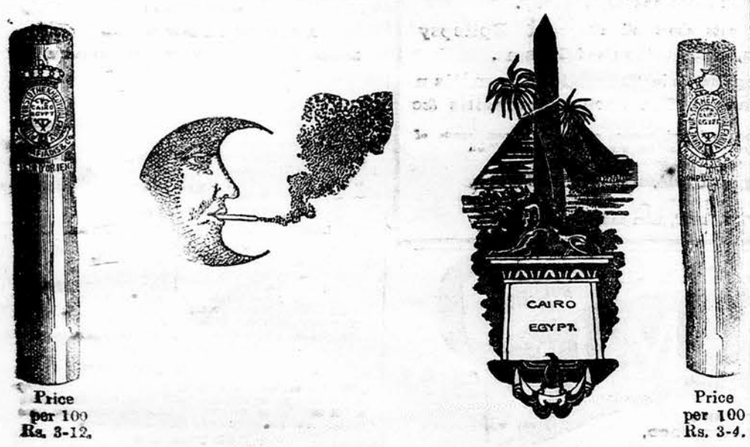

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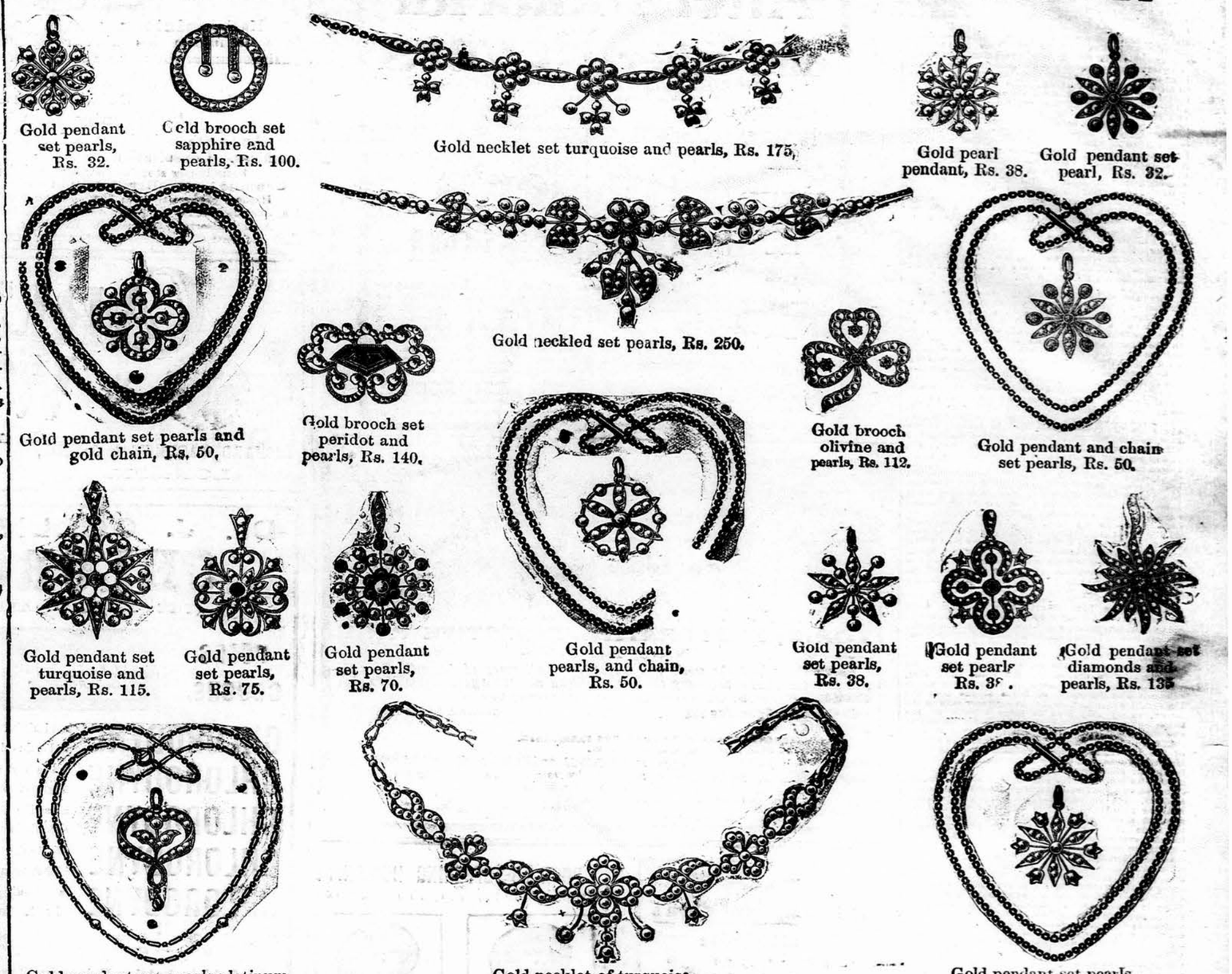
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